An overview of Section 195 and foreign payments of the Income-tax Act





at The Institute of Chartered
Accountants of India, Seminar of TDS

by CA Shailendra Sharma 07 April 2018

Agenda

Brief overview of the TDS provisions

Withholding tax (WHT) concept for nonresident

Lifecycle of WHT provision under Section 195

Practice and Operational rules

Illustrations

Key takeaways

Questions



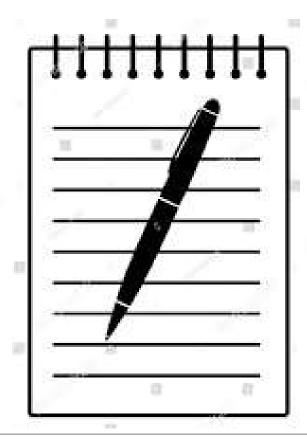
Agenda

Brief overview of the TDS provisions

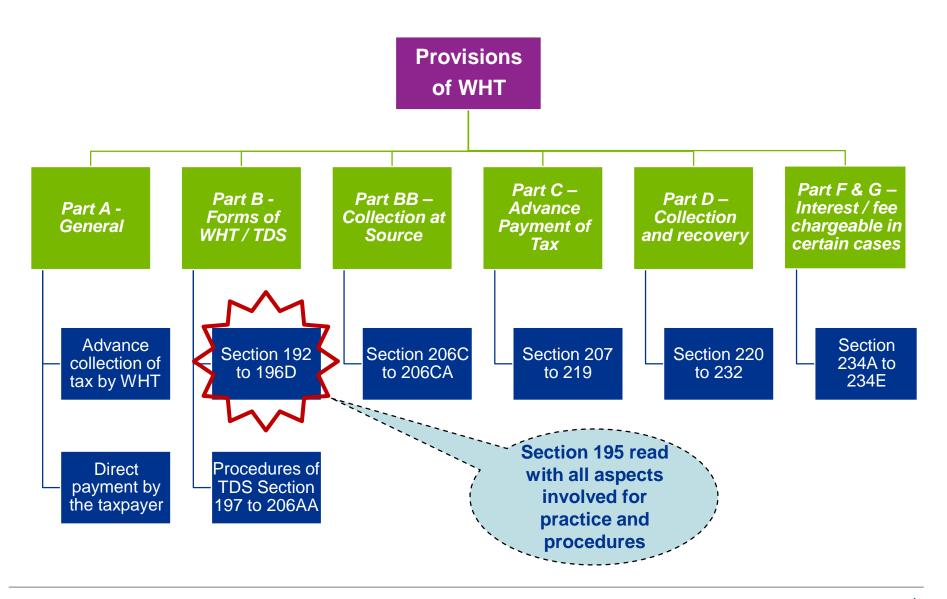
Withholding tax (WHT) concept for nonresident

Lifecycle of WHT provision under Section 195





Overview of TDS provisions - Chapter XVII, Collection & Recovery of Tax Deduction at Source



WHT concept for nonresident



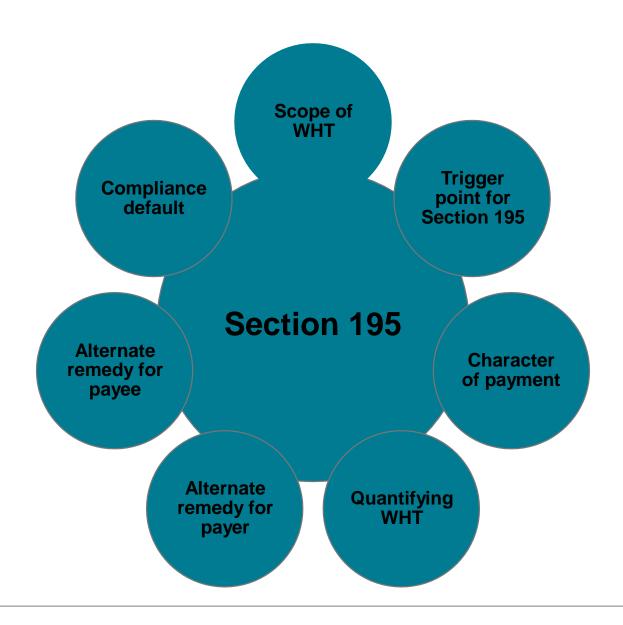
Compliance procedures Prevent tax evasions

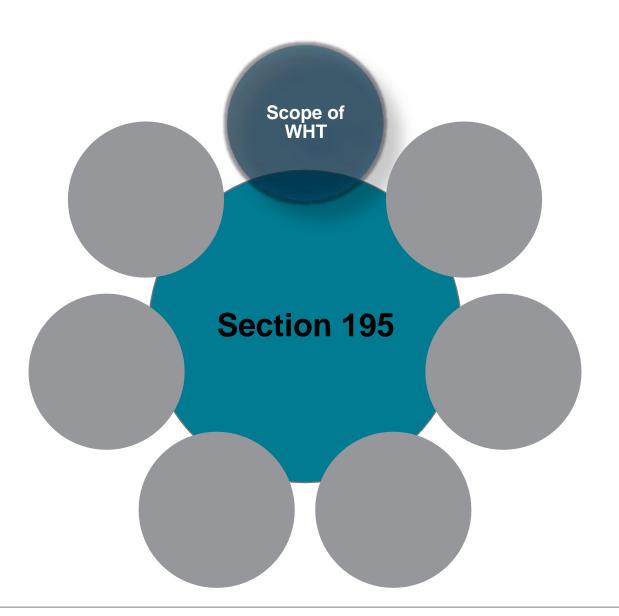
Determination and analysis

Protect tax revenue for government

Applicability of the provisions Easy tax collection mechanism from the parties

Lifecycle of WHT provisions under Section 195





Scope of WHT (1/2)

Operative provision of Section 195 of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (IT Act)

"Other sums.

195. [(1) Any person responsible for paying to a non-resident, not being a company, or to a foreign company, any interest [(not being interest referred to in section 194LB or section 194LC)] [or section 194LD] or any other sum chargeable under the provisions of this Act (not being income chargeable under the head "Salaries") shall, at the time of credit of such income to the account of the payee or at the time of payment thereof in cash or by the issue of a cheque or draft or by any other mode, whichever is earlier, deduct income-tax thereon at the rates in force..."

Other clauses of Section 195

Clauses	Other provisions applicable for Section 195 of IT Act						
195(2)	Application by "Payer" to Tax Authorities (AO) to determine appropriate proportion of income chargeable to tax						
195(3)	Application by "Payee" to AO for NIL WHT certificate						
195(4)	Validity of certificate issued by AO						
195(5)	Powers of CBDT to issue Notifications						
195(6)	Furnishing of information relating to payments						
195(7)	Authority of board to specify class of person or cases to make application under Section 195(2)						
195A	Income payable "net of tax" Grossing-up						

Scope of WHT (2/2)

Responsibility of WHT



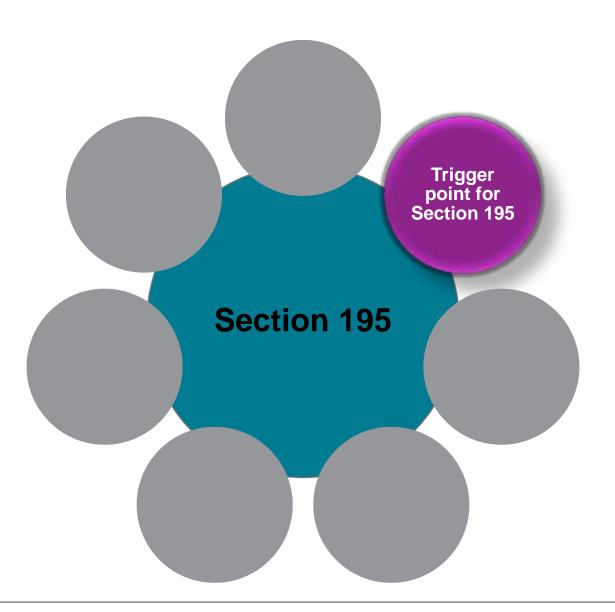
Payers covered

- "Any person" covered irrespective of their status Includes person under Section 2(31) responsible for paying (including individuals and HUF)
- Payer itself in case of company, and the company includes principal officer
- It also includes all nonresidents having taxable presence in India or not as per *Explanation 2 to Section* 195 and Circular No. 726 dated 18 October 1995

Payees covered

- Agent / POA holder of a nonresident in India?
- Resident but not ordinary resident RNOR?
- Payment made to a foreign branch of an Indian Company?

Virtually includes EVERYONE



Trigger point for Section 195 (1/3)

Applicability of Section 195

Sum chargeable to tax

- All payments covered (exclusions specified), no threshold limit prescribed
- "Any other sum chargeable" Composite provision:
 - Extends to whole of India
 - Charge of income-tax
 - Scope of Total Income:
 - Received or deemed to be received in India
 - Accrue or arises or deemed to accrue or arise in India
 - Residence in India
- Amount paid that bears character of income on Gross basis that may or may not represent income or profits, CBDT Instruction No. 2/2014
- Section 195 would not apply if sums paid to nonresident is tax exempt in India

Timing of WHT

- Tax to be withheld at the time of payment / credit whichever is earlier
- Tax to be withheld even where no remittance is made, adjustment of dues
- WHT in cases where RBI approval is required
- If no income accrues to nonresident and simple accounting entry incorporating liability is passed, then no WHT
- Payee must be identifiable / ascertainable
- Time of deduction, from payers point of view and sum chargeable to tax in India from payee point of view

Trigger point for Section 195 (2/3)

Sum chargeable to tax..brief insight



- Where, payment made by resident to non-resident, was an amount not chargeable to tax in India, no tax is deductible at source
- Assessee liable to deduct TDS under Section 195 on payment made to non-resident even though payment is not made in cash but made in kind
- Payer obligated to WHT, even if the receipt is not taxable in the hands of the payee in the country of residence
- Sums not liable to tax in India on satisfaction of conditions, the principles are enunciated under Circular 23/1969 and 786/2000 (now withdrawn) like (P to P, nonresident operates outside India, contract signed outside India, title of goods passed outside India, payment is directly remitted abroad, etc.). Payments to:
 - Agency commission payable to foreign agents;
 - Off-shore supply of goods and equipments;
 - Consideration paid for outright purchase of designs and drawings is not royalty;
 - Applicability of withholding tax to shipping Company taxed under Section 172; and
 - Does amount paid as penalty to the regulators chargeable to tax under Section 195?
- No significant impact of withdrawal of the Circulars due to?

Trigger point for Section 195 (3/3)

Specific exclusions for WHT under 195



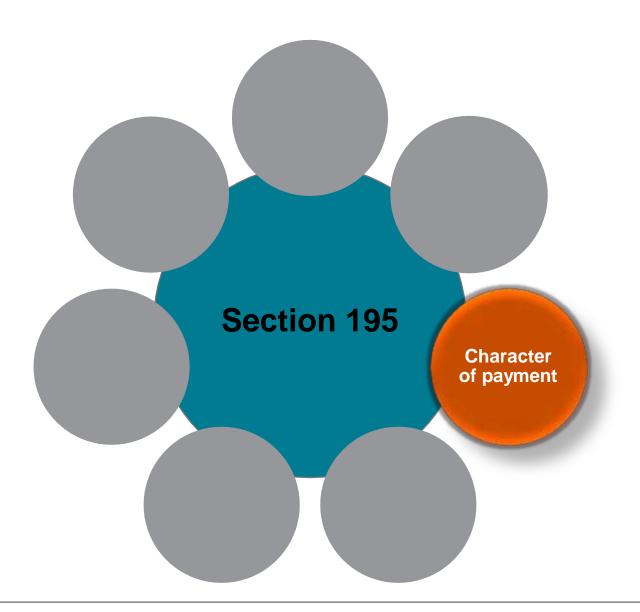
Payments on capital account like, gifts, loans, share purchase



Sums chargeable under the Act but expressly exempt like, dividend

Amounts being revenue in nature but, arguably are not chargeable to tax

Sections	Particulars			
115-O	Tax on distributed profits of domestic companies			
192	Income from Salaries			
194LB	Income by way of interest from infrastructure debt fund			
194LBA	Income from units of a business trust			
194LBB	Income from units of investment funds			
194LBC	Income of investment in securitization trust			
194LC	Income by way of interest from Indian company			
194LD	Income by way of interest on certain bonds and Government securities			
Other specific sec	ctions			
196B	Income from units			
196C Income from FCCBs or GDRs of Indian companies				
196D	Income from FIIs now FPI except Capital Gains			

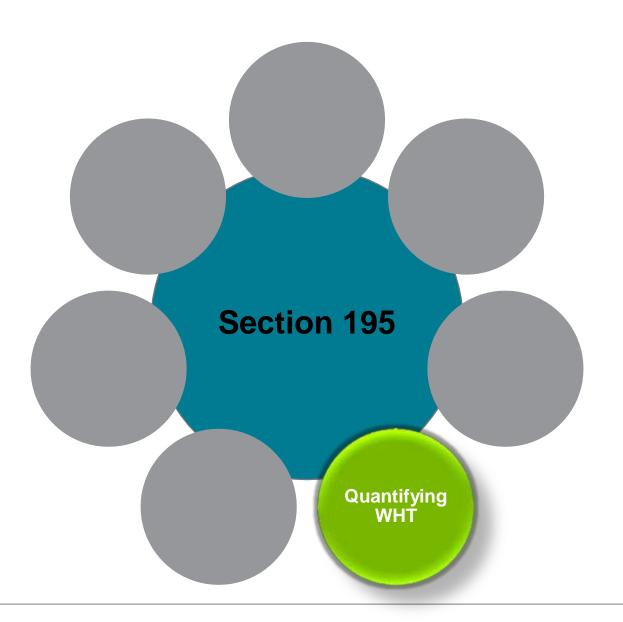


Character of payment

Determining the nature of payment

Nature of Income	Basis of tax	Income chargeable under				
(payee perspective)		IT Act	Tax Treaty			
Business / Profession income	Taxable if Business Connection in India or property or asset or source of income in India or transfer of a capital asset situate in India	Section 9(1)(i)	Article 5, 7 and 14			
Capital Gain	Taxable if situs of shares/ property is in India	Section 9(1)(i)	Article 6 and 13			
Dividends	Taxable if paid by an Indian company	Section 9(1)(iv) (subject to DDT)	Article 10			
Interest		Section 9(1)(v)	Article 11			
Royalties	Taxable if sourced in India	Section 9(1)(vi)				
Fees for Technical Services (FTS)		Section 9(1)(vii)	Article 12			

Salaries Taxable if services are rendered in India Section 9(1)(ii) Article 15 Provisions of the IT Act or Tax Treaty, to the extent more beneficial to the taxpayer to apply



Quantifying WHT (1/4)

Rates in force



- Rates in force as defined under Section 2(37A) of the IT Act
- Rates of income-tax specified in IT Act / Tax Treaty under Section 2(37A)(iii), beneficial rates to apply
 - CBDT Circular No. 728 dated 30 October 1995
- The exchange rate is applicable as per Rule 26 SBI TT buying rate
- Rates prescribed under the tax treaty are inclusive of surcharge and education cess?
- Tax to be withheld under Section 195:
 - Is on gross basis; and
 - Withholding tax rate under Section 195 is final
- Interplay between proposed Equalization levy under Finance Act, 2016 and the Income-tax Act, 1961
- Significance to obtain PAN while making the remittance to nonresidents
 - Section 206AA, is a non-obstante provision that overrides the IT Act effective 1-4-2010

Detailed provision of Section 206AA and nuances discussed in the ensuing slides

Quantifying WHT (2/4)

Existing provision under section 206AA

- Attracted when the payee does not have a PAN or discloses incorrect PAN to the payer
- Section 206AA provides for WHT at the <u>higher</u> of the following rates, namely:
 - Specified rate in the relevant provisions of the IT Act; or
 - Rate / rates in force; or
 - **20%**

Concerns on applicability of section 206AA for WHT under section 195

- Overriding provision dealt in Tribunal rulings where PAN was not obtained by nonresident
- Considering the litigation matter would be settled at the Tribunal, initial demand may be raised

Meshing issue of section 2(37A), 200A read with section 206AA

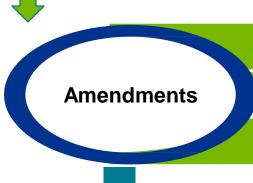
Ruling of Bosch Ltd was not considered and distinguished

Ruling does not refer on the taxability based on the Eli Lily case

Rulings

Quantifying WHT (3/4)

Developments on Section 206AA



Practical difficulty to implement 206AA due to DTAA override

Easwar Committee on tax simplification recommended to dilute 206AA provisions

The Finance Act, 2016 accepts Easwar Committee
Recommendation on 206AA



Amendment under Finance Act, 2016



Section 206AA amended to exclude / relax non-residents on deduction of tax

• Form and the methods of conditions prescribed under Rule 37BC where the deductee shall furnish and the following details / documents to the deductor:

Name, email-ID, Contact number Address of the resident country of the Payee

Resident certificate of the Payee

Tax Identification
/ Unique number
registered with
the Government



Points to ponder

- If PAN not obtained, is nonresident obligated to file tax returns in India? Impact of penalty under section 270A
- Payments other than the prescribed nature of income how determined?

Quantifying WHT (4/4)

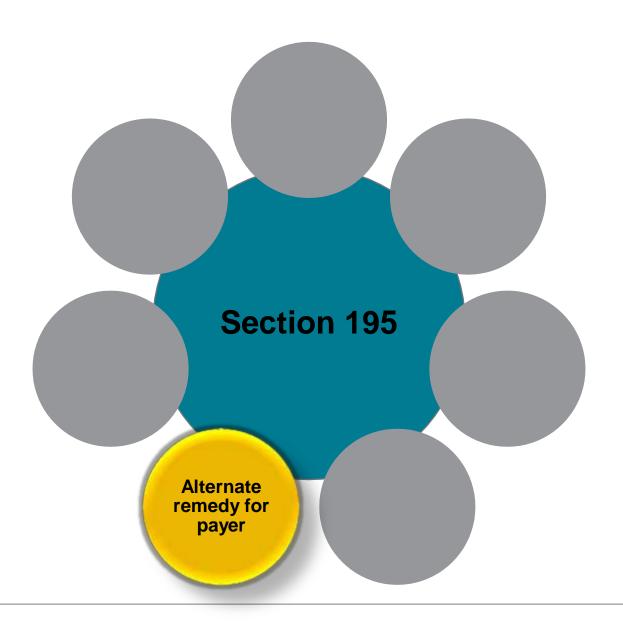
Section 195A – Income payable "net of tax" (Grossing-up)



- In the event of tax chargeable on any income is borne by the payer
- For the purposes of WHT under Section 195, income should be increased to such amount as would,
 after WHT thereon at the rates in force, be equal to the net amount payable to the payee
- Section 195A does not apply on notional income under Section 44BB
- Friction between Section 206AA and 195A is Section 206AA applicable for grossing purposes?
- Tax credit claimed by the payee to be restricted commercially Compliance under Section 203?
- Can refund be claimed if taxes are withheld erroneously under Section 195?

Illustration of Section 195A:

Particulars Particulars Particulars Particulars Particular Particu	Amount in INR
Amount payable to nonresident	100
Add: WHT (assumed to be 10% as per the tax treaty) grossed-up (10*100/90)	11.11
Total income	111.11
Less: WHT applicable at 10%	11.11
Net amount payable to the nonresident (Recipient)	100



Alternate remedy for the payer

Application by payer to the AO under Section 195(2) and (4)



whom?

The application to be made by the payer before the jurisdictional tax authority

When to apply?

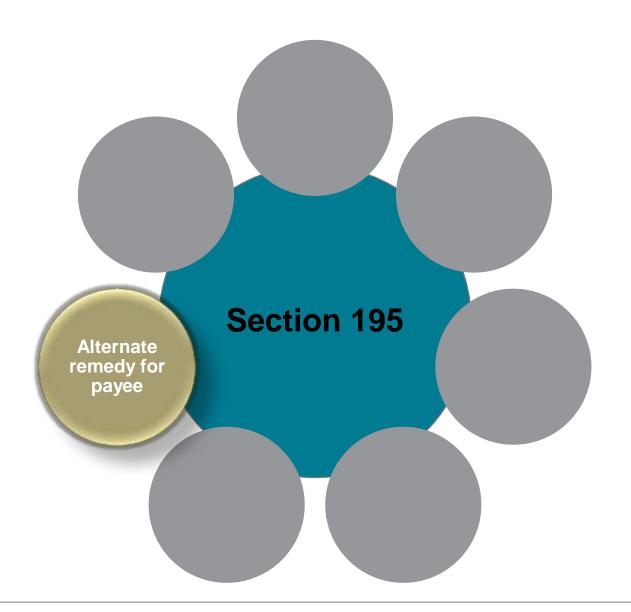
When the payer is in doubt and believes that the whole of sum payable is not chargeable to tax in India

Process

- Payer to approach tax authority to determine portion of income chargeable to tax
- Online system validated certificate prescribed

Consequence

- AO may issue a certificate, determining the portion of income chargeable to tax
- The permission is valid for the period specified
- No specified time limit available to pass the order under Section 195(2)
- Order under Section 195(2) is:
 - appealable after payment of tax
 - amenable to revision under Section 263
- Decision under Section 195(2) is inconclusive in determination of income in case of foreign entity



Alternate remedy for the payee

Application by payee to the AO under Section 195(3),(4) and (5)

- Payee to make application in the prescribed form (Form 15C or form 15D) for no WHT
- Prescribed conditions under Rule 29B:
 - carries on business / profession in India for 5 years and has prescribed value of assets in India; Advisory forax paid of last 3 previous years; and
 - been regularly assessed to Income-tax;
 - not defaulted in tax, interest, penalty, fine opplication (%) issue certificate indicating rate / rates of tax system Kalidaichever is higher of the following: other sum payable; and
- AO may issue provisional Nil WHT certificate
- Certificate issued by the AO valid for the Financial Average of average rates of tax paid in last 3 years Year mentioned therein or until cancelled
- Renewal after the expiry or within 3 months before 197 expiry of the certificate
- Certificate issued by AO can be prospective only
- Application after the payment of tax not entertained -Circular 774 dated 17 March 1999

Application by payee to the AO under Section 197(1)

- Application to be made by the payee under Section 197(1) for lower / no WHT in prescribed form (Form 13)
- Prescribed conditions under Rule 28AA:
 - Tax payable on estimated or existing income:
- Details of advance tax, TDS & TCS
- not been subjected to penalty under Section 271(1) ertificate Average rate determined on the basis of advance
- prescribed
 - 195(3) and certificate for lower / Nil WHT
 - Certificate issued by the AO valid for such period mentioned therein or until cancelled
 - Application to be made before the payment / credit whichever is earlier

Other alternate remedies for the payer and payee

Chartered Accountants' (CA) Certificate under Section 195(6)

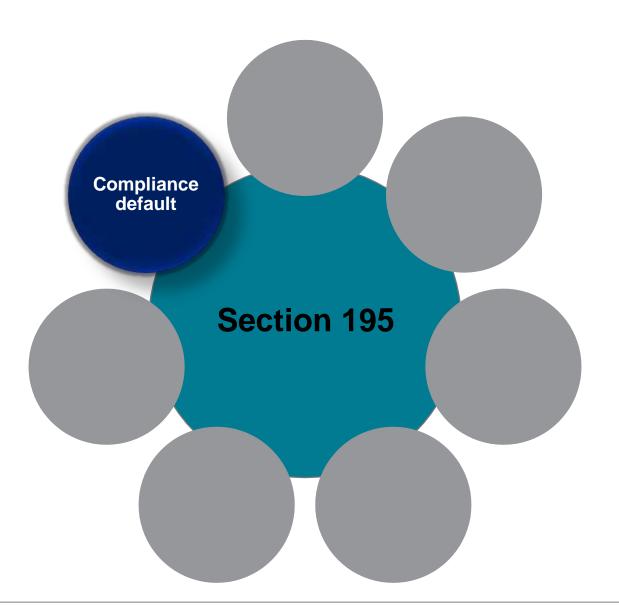
- Payment to nonresident also permitted by obtaining CA certificate as prescribed under Circular 759,
 read with Circular 10/2002 dated 9/10/2002
- Specific Rule introduced by the CBDT

Detailed procedures discussed in the ensuing slides of operational rules

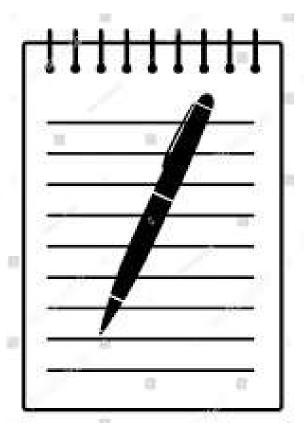
Advance Ruling under Chapter XIX-B of IT Act



- Ruling by quasi-judicial authority on reference by payer / payee
- Upfront determination of taxability of the transactions proposed with the nonresidents
- Binding ruling on applicant as well as tax authorities unless change in facts / law (diluted)
- Fast track mechanism, protracted litigation may be avoided with certainty in tax treatment
- Ruling is appealable before the High Court



Agenda



Part B

Practice and Operational rules

Illustrations

Key takeaways

Questions

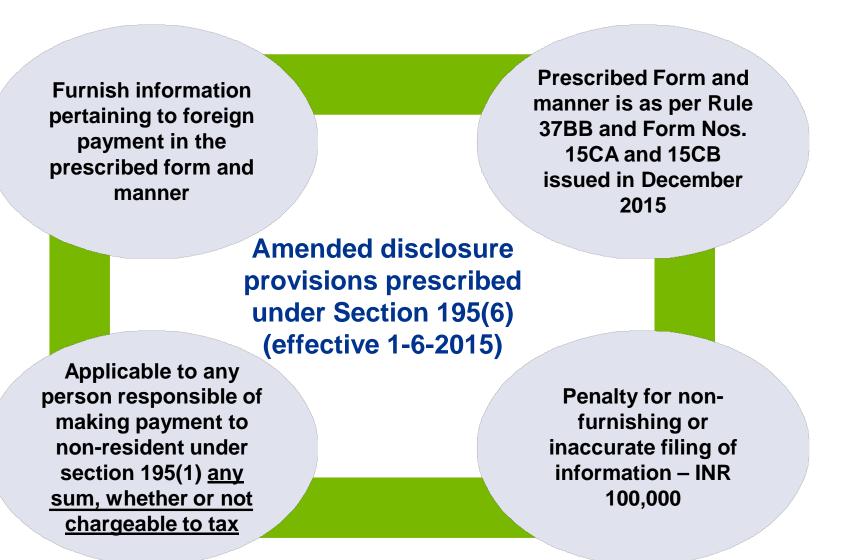
Practice and Operational rules (1/12)

Provisions for CA Certificate



- Circular 10/2002 authorizes remittance of money through a CA Certificate
- CA Certificate required also for trade payments RBI Circular No. 32 dated 19 July 2007
- Provision under Section 195(6) introduced by the Finance Act, 2008 for CA certificate
- Rule 37BB introduced by CBDT vide *Notification 30/2009 dated 25/03/2009*:
 - Forms 15CA and 15CB to remit payments to nonresidents and intimate the manner of disclosure:
 - Form 15CA, prescribes information to be furnished online by the payer; and
 - Form 15CB, prescribes format of CA Certificate to be obtained
- Taxpayer not absolved from penalty / prosecution if found that WHT was lower than required
- CA certificate merely acts as a guidance and is not a substitute to adjudication by the AO
- Procedure for remittance was amended from 01 October 2013, with significant change in the procedure, being more technological robust and detailed
 - Specified list of 28 payments like outbound investments, gifts, etc. exempt from the procedures
- Notification issued on 16 December 2015 to amend Rule 37BB for new forms and compliances
- Remittance certificate issued by CA subject to penal provisions prescribed per default

Practice and Operational rules (2/12)



Practice and Operational rules (3/12)

Rule 37BB amended effective 1 April 2016 with an aim to strike balance between burden of compliance and collection of information



- Payment or aggregate of such payment does not exceed INR 5 lacs or Specified List; and
- Remittance does not require RBI approval under LRS and Current Account Transactions
- Specified list of remittances expanded to 33 for non applicability of Rule and additions include:

Advance payment against imports	2. Payment towards imports-settlement of invoice	3. Imports by diplomatic missions	4. Intermediary trade	5. Imports below INR 5 lacs (for use by ECD offices)
	of invoice			by ECD offices)

- Enhanced compliance of 15CA and 15CB information to be shared with Principal Director of Income-tax (Systems) including filing of quarterly information on remittance by the AD in Form 15CC
- Revised Form Nos. 15CA and 15CB divided in 4 parts:

Part A	Remittance does not exceed INR 5 lacs and amounts chargeable to tax	Form 15CA	Mirror image of CA Certificate Form 15CB where payments exceed INR 5 lacs	Part C
Part B	Subset of Part A and lower WHT certificate obtained under Section 195(2)/195(3)/197	& 15CB	Sum not chargeable to tax under the provisions of the Act	Part D

Practice and Operational rules (4/12)

Amended procedures for CA Certificate

- Only taxable remittances to be reported in Form 15CA
- Select Form 15CA in Parts:
 - Part A: Applicable to remittances chargeable to tax for small payments that does not exceed INR 5 lacs or aggregate of such payments during the Financial
 - Part B: For any other payments chargeable to tax and lower / NIL WHT certificate is obtained
 - Part C: Form 15CA after obtaining CA certificate in
 Form 15CB for sums chargeable to tax
 - Part D: Information of any sum not chargeable to tax
- Form 15CA to be electronically uploaded on income-tax website. Amended process through generation of digital signatures for every payment
- Specific declaration / indemnity to be obtained by the payer for taxes and interest if payment is liable for WHT
- Undertaking to be obtained from the payee

Sample declaration from the Payee

	<< On the letterhead of Payee >>
Dat	te:
	TO WHOMSOEVER IT MAY CONCERN
We	e, the Payee, hereby confirm as follows:
1.	We are a Limited Company incorporated and registered inwith Unique
	Entity Number
2.	We are a tax resident ofas per Article 4 of the tax treaty and the place
	of world assessment of our income is in
3.	We do not have any Permanent Establishment / Fixed place in India as
	defined under Article 5 of the Treaty. Also we will not have a Permanent
	Establishment / Fixed place in India within the meaning of the Treaty for the
	financial year.
4.	The amount payable and its nature under the tax treaty
5.	The amount is to be remitted to payee are the beneficiaries hereof.
6.	In the event there is any income-tax demand (include interest etc) raised in
	India in respect of this remittance we undertake to pay the demand forthwith
	and providewith all information/documents that may be necessary for
	any proceedings before income tax/appellate authority in India.
7.	Indemnity to protect from General Anti-Avoidance Rules
For	Payee

Practice and Operational rules (5/12)

Suggested method for CA Certificate

Steps	Action plan
Payment covered under Section 195	Payment from resident or from non resident to nonresident
Verify factual documents	Invoice, Contracts, Legal Status, obtain declaration, PAN, etc.
Determine character	Classification of payment, Business profits, Royalty, FTS, etc.
Evalua	ate taxability under the
• IT Act	Income-tax rates, Grossing-up, Section 206AA, Case law update
• Tax treaty	No PE, TP analysis, beneficial owner, entity characterization, Article, LOB clause, Obtain TRC. MFN, Protocol to the DTAA, MLI, OECD BEPS Technical explanation to the DTAA, Model commentaries
Specific orders	Verify specific orders received from tax authorities, 195(2), 195(3), etc.
Follow compliance	Complete the Form to comply with WHT deadlines for deposit

Tax Residency Certificate (TRC)

- TRC requirement for nonresidents to claim tax treaty benefits
- Also confirmed by Circular on Section 206AA
- Furnishing of TRC mandatory to avail tax treaty benefits:
 - SC in the case of UOI v. Azadi Bachao Andolan
 [2003] 263 ITR 706 (SC)
 - Circular 789 dated 13 April 2000
 - Shome Committee report on GAAR recommends that Circular 789 of 2000 should be retained
- Prescribed additional information to be furnished along with TRC
- CBDT clarified that the additional information prescribed may not be required if it already forms part of the TRC

Notification No. 57/2013 dated 1/08/2013 [F.No.142/16/2013-TPL] revised the Rule 21AB

Practice and Operational rules (6/12)

Prescribed Form 10F

The additional details required to be furnished in Form 10F under Rule 21AB:

- 1. Status (Individual, Company, Firm, etc.) of the taxpayer
- 2. PAN of the taxpayer, if allotted
- Nationality (in case of an individual) or country or specified territory of incorporation or registration (in case of others)
- 4. Taxpayer's tax identification number or a unique number, as the case may be
- Period for which the residential status, as mentioned in the TRC, is applicable and
- 6. Address of the taxpayer during the period for which the certificate is applicable

CBDT clarified that declaration may not be required if TRC contains above particulars

Sample TRC Tax Reference No OF SINGAPORE SINGAPORE 018982 55 Newton Road Singapore 307987 Tel: 1800-3568622 Fax: 63514360 Dear Sir/Madam CERTIFICATE OF RESIDENCE FOR THE PURPOSE OF CLAIMING BENEFIT UNDER THE SINGAPORE / INDIA AVOIDANCE OF DOUBLE TAXATION AGREEMENT FOR INTEREST AND FEES I refer to your request dated Based on your confirmation that the control and management of your business for the whole of 2013 will be exercised in Singapore, it is confirmed that your company will be regarded as resident in Singapore for income tax purposes for the Year of Assessment 2014 Based on the records available, the country or specified territory of incorporation of registration is Singapore. Yours faithfully CORPORATE TAX DIVISION for COMPTROLLER OF INCOME TAX

Practice and Operational rules (7/12)

	Income-Tax Department	"FORM NO. 15CA (See rule 37BB) Information to be furnished for payments to a non-resident not being a company, or to a foreign company	L No.					
(To b	e filled up if the r the aggregate of	Part A consistance is chargeable to tax under the provisions of the Income-tax Act, 196 such remittances, as the case may be, does not exceed five lakh rupees during	61 and the remitta the financial year					
_	Name of remi	tter						
4	PAN of the re	mitter (if available)						
	TAN of the re	mitter (if available)						
RINGTIER	Complete add	ress, email and phone number of the remitter	t rem					
	Status of remi							
	Residential st	atus of remitter ²						
4		Name of recipient of remittance						
REMITTEE	PAN of the re							
	Complete add							
	Country to wh							
	Amount paya							
	Aggregate am	7						
	proposed rem							
53	Name of bank							
ALIMINI ACTU	Name of the b							
	Nature of rem	of remittance						
	200111-000-00-00-00							
3	Please formish							
	Rate of TDS	DS .						
	Date of deduc	tion						
		VERIFICATION						
		January Charles						
/We		(full name in block letters), son/daughter of	in					
		designation) solemnly declare that the information given above is tru						
equi ecip	sate documents fr ent of the above	f and no relevant information has been concealed. L'We* further und or enabling the income-tax authorities to determine the nature and anso remittance as well as documents required for determining my liability to table for deduction of tax at source.	unt of income of					
1	lace:	Signature of the person responsible for paying	to non-resident					

Name and Designation of the person responsible for paying to non-resident

Date:

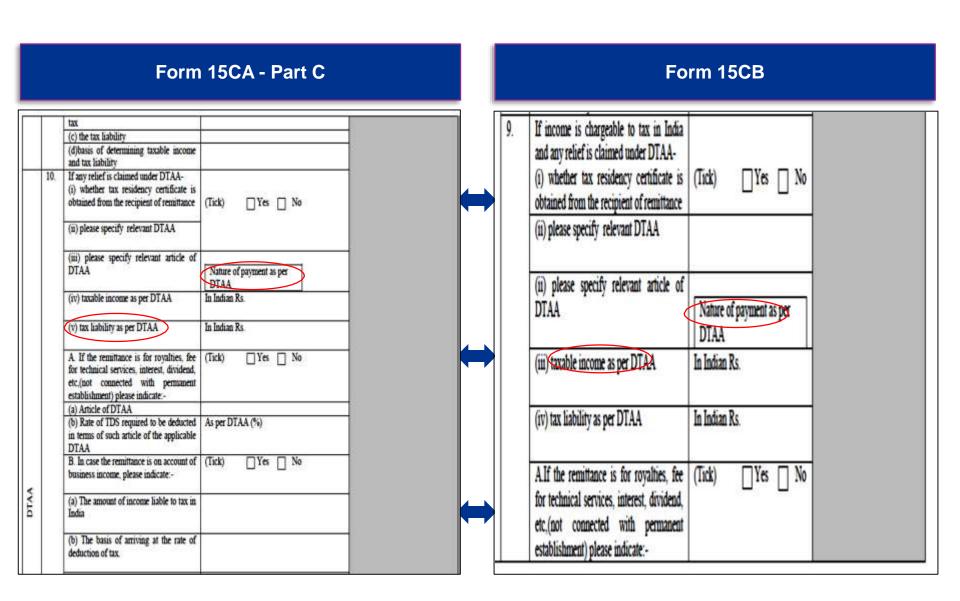
Form 15CA – Part B

	Name of remitter		
250	PAN of the rematter		_
REMETTER	TAN of the remitter ²	_	
2	Complete address, email and phone m	-	
2	Status of remitter ²	Otto Indiana de Indian	
	Residential status of remutter ³		
late a	Name of recipient of remittance	r and a real	
2	PAN of the recipient of remittance, if	available*	
REMITTEE	Complete address, email ⁹ and phone of		
112	Section under which order certificate has b	een obtained	
AO.	Name and designation of the Assessing Of	fficer who issued the order/certificate	
< X	Date of order/certificate		
7.1	Order/ certificate number	Country:	
	Country to which remittance is made Amount payable	In Indian Rs	
	Name of the Bank	III III III III KS	
ш	B5R Code of the bank branch (7 digit)		
ž,	Proposed date of remattance	(DD/MM/YYY	
REMITTANCE	Nature of remattance as per agreement/ do	PACKET (1997)	
N .	Please famish the relevant purpose co-	_	
#	Amount of TDS Rate of TDS	_	
	Date of deduction		_
_	Date of deduction		
		VERIFICATION	
I/We*	(fall	name in block letters), son/daughter of	9 9
20003		declare that the information given above	
		ation has been concealed. I/We* certify	
		Act, 1961 has been obtained, particular	
Form	I/We* further undertake to submit t	he requisite documents for enabling th	e income-tax authorit
deterr	mine the nature and amount of income of	of the recipient of the above remittance as	well as documents rec
A CONTRACTOR	sermining my liability under the Income	tax Act as a person responsible for deduc	tion of tax at source.
for de			
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Practice and Operational rules (8/12)

Form 15CA - Part C Form 15CB Form No. 15CB (To be filled up if the remittance is chargeable to tax under the provisions of income-tax Act, 1961 and the (See rule 37BB) remittance or the aggregate of such remittances, as the case may be, exceeds five lakh rupees during the financial year and a certificate in Form No. 15CB from an accountant as defined in the Explanation below sub-section (2) of Certificate of an accountant1 section 288 has been obtained) I/We* GENERAL INFORMATION examined agreement (wherever applicable) Name of the remitter PAN of remitter (Beneficiary) (Remitters) REMITTER Principal Place of Busine requiring the above remittance as well as the relevant documents and books of account required Complete address, email and phone number of the remitter for ascertaining the nature of remittance and for determining the rate of deduction of tax at Residential status of remitter source as per provisions of Chapter- XVII-B. Name of recipient of remittance PAN of recipient of remittance RANGER We hereby certify the following :-Address Country to which remittance is made Principal place of business Email address (ISD code)-Phone Number Name and address of the beneficiary of the (a) Name of the Accountant signing the certificate Country to which remittance is made Name of the propostorship firm of the accountant Country: Currency Amount payable In Indian Rs. In foreign currency: Address Name of the bank Branch of the bank BSR Code of the bank branch (7 digit) Registration no. of the accountant Proposed date of remittance (DD/MM/YYYY) Date of certificate (DD/MM/YYYYY) Nature of remittance as per agreement Certificate No. document Whether any order: certaficate u/s 195(2): 195(3): 197 of Income-tax Act has been obtained from the Assessing In case the remittance is net of taxes. Yes No Yes No whether tax payable has been grossed Section under which order/certificate has been obtained Name and designation of the Assessing Officer who issued Taxability under the provisions of the 9 the order/certificate Income-tax Act (without considering Date of order certificate (e) Order certificate number B PARTICULARS OF REMITTANCE AND TDS (as per certificate of the accountant) DTAA) (i) is remittance chargeable to tax in (Tick) Yes No Country to which remittance is made Country In Indian Rs. Amount payable Name of the Bank In foreign currency Branch of the Bank (ii) if not reasons thereof BSR Code of the bank branch (7 digit) Proposed date of remuttance (iii) if yes. Nature of remuttance as per agreement (a) the relevant section of the Act under Relevant purpose code as per RBI which the remittance is covered Yes No whether tax payable has been grossed (b) the amount of income chargeable to Taxability under the provisions of the Income-tax Act (without considering (c) the tax liability (a) the relevant section of the Act under (d)basis of determining taxable income which the remittance is covered and tax hability (b) the amount of income chargeable to

Practice and Operational rules (9/12)



Practice and Operational rules (10/12)

		Form	15CA - Part C			Forn	า 15CB			
ob de he de	13. 14. 1/ pacity //our* tained fraction	We* of (designation) so knowledge and behirf and no relevant from an accountant; particulars of whice n of tax at source. In case where it is heted or after deduction has not been or not pand, as the case may be, slong	(Tick)	in above is true to the best of strify that a certificate has been nount, nature and correctness of e amount of remittance has not e to pay the amount of tax not sect to the provisions of penalty	10. 12 13.	(a) Article of DTAA (b) Rate of TDS required to be deducted in terms of such article of the applicable DTAA B. In case the remittance is on account of business income, please indicate: (a) Whether such income is liable to tax in India (b) If so, the basis of arriving at the rate of deduction of tax. (c) If not, please farmish brief reasons thereof, specifying relevant article of DTAA (c) In case the remittance is on account of capital gains, please indicate: (a) amount of long term capital gains (b) amount of short-term capital gains (c) basis of arriving at taxable income D. In case of other remittance not covered by sub-tiens A, B and C (a) Please specify nature of remittance (b) Whether taxable in India as per DTAA (d) if not, please farmish brief reasons thereof, specifying relevant article of the applicable DTAA (d) if not, please farmish brief reasons thereof, specifying relevant article of DTAA Amount of TDS Rate of TDS Actual amount of remittance after TDS Date of deduction of tax at source, if any	As per DTAA (%) (Tick)			
do	comes	m for enabling the income tax authorit	ies to determine the nature and amount of d for determining my/our liability under	income of the recipient of the	Certifica	te No.2	Signature : Name: Name of the pro	pprietorship/ firm:		
	Plac	e; Signature of	the person responsible for paying to non-r	esident			Address:			
	Date	Name an	nd Designation of the person responsible fo	r paying to non-resident	ge	Registration No.:				

Practice and Operational rules (11/12)

Form 15CA – Part D									Fo	rm 15	CC		
[Te	be filled up if the remitt	Par	tax under the provision	ons of the Income-tax Act,1961				26. 30. 70		Form No.1: See rule 37		55. 80	20. 107
(c) ATTIVALE SITE	Status of remitter ¹ Residential status of the Name of recipient of ren PAN of the recipient of r	vailable vailable and phone number of the r emitter ³ uttance emittance, if available	emitter	rule 37BB(2)]		Nam Perm	e and add	of ress of the count Nu ittances n	e authorise	nancial Ye	dealer in respectar)		
TANKER	Country to which remitte	and phone number ⁴ of the nce is made ipient of remittance is resid In foreign o	Country: lent, if available	Carrency: In Indian Rs.	No	W	the	of the remattee	the remittee if available	Amount	resultance	Country to which remittance is made	as per RBI
ENATTANE	BSR code of the bank br Proposed date of remitta Nature of remittance	TOTAL STREET,	(DD/MM/YYYY)			1	1			Verification	- AC	12200200	
2 Inc	I certify that I have re- ome-tax Act 1961 and is not		at source	chargeable under the provision of		t of my kno	wledge and			given above	ghter ofare correct and con		
my tax not inte	our* knowledge and belief actually deductible on the a paid in full, I/We* undertal rest due. I/We* shall also b	(designation) solemnly de- and no relevant information mount of remittance has a see to pay the amount of tax e subject to the provisions	n has been concealed. In not been deducted or after a not deducted or not pas of penalty for the said de	er of in the given above is true to the best of a case where it is found that the re deduction has not been paid or d, as the case may be, along with efault as per the provisions of the tents for enabling the income-tax	f e r						Name and Designa cation No. 93/2		
doc				the above remittance as well as Act as a person responsible for						DIREC	TOR (TAX POI		AMBAR DAS EGISLATION
Place: Signature of the person responsible for paying to non-resident Date: Name and Designation of the person responsible for paying to non-resident					Se	ction 3, Si	ib-section	(ii) vide	notificatio	n number	e Gazette of In S.O. 969(E), da dated the 11th I	ted the 26th Ma	arch, 1962 and

Practice and Operational rules (12/12)

Remitter obtains digital CA certificate in Form 15CB in relevant Part after paying tax as determined for the remittance



Electronically upload the remittance details as per Form 15CB issued in Form 15CA (using the Digital Signature)



Single upload of Form 15CA online on the income-tax website



Take hard print of the Form 15CA along with system generated acknowledgement number



Submit in duplicate Form 15CA and Form 15CB along with Form A2 to the Authorized Dealer



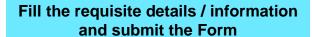
RBI / Bank makes remittance to the Payee



- 1. AD Bank to furnish electronic copy of (Form 15CA) and CA Certificate (Form 15CB) to the tax authorities
- AD Bank to also file Form 15CC quarterly with the Principal Director General of Income-tax (Systems)

Registered user to login and navigate to "e-File" under Prepare and Submit Online Form 15CA using Digital Signature

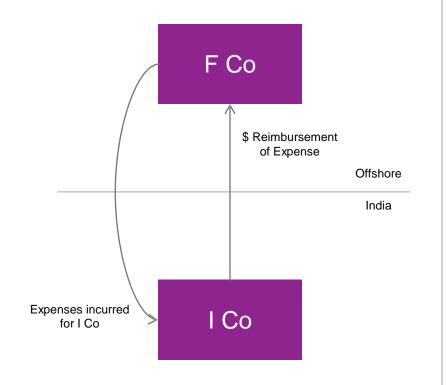




On submission transaction ID and acknowledgement is generated



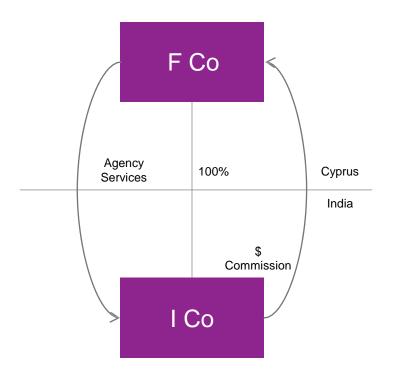
Illustration 1 – Reimbursement of expense



Applicable WHT rate for F Co in absence of PAN

- Section 206AA provides for WHT at the higher of the following rates, namely:
 - Specified rate in the relevant provisions of the IT Act; or
 - Rate / rates in force; or
 - **20%**
- F Co has a valid TRC
- What should be the WHT rate under Section 195?

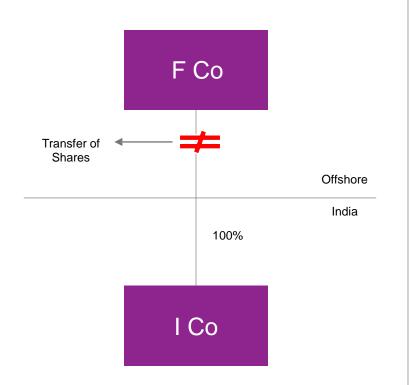
Illustration 2 – Export Commission



Applicable WHT rate for F Co in absence of PAN

- Implications when commission income paid to an associate enterprise?
- If payment is made to Cyprus?

Illustration 3 – Group Restructuring



Applicable WHT provisions for F Co case of share sale

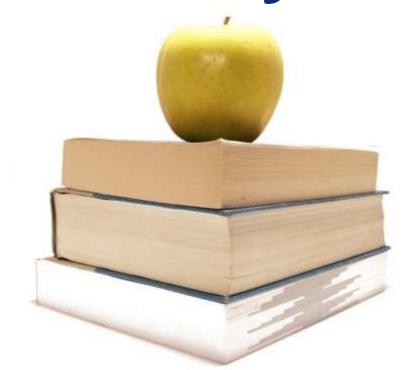
- Gains arising on transfer of shares are exempt under the applicable tax treaty
- Is a PAN required?
- Is withholding tax provisions applicable?
- Does F Co has to file a return of income in India?

Key takeaways and safeguards

- 1. Ignorance of rules may lead to undesirable litigation and cost, thus impacting business focus
- 2. Other business functions should also support on the foreign payments made by the clients
- 3. Preliminary assessment of transfer pricing would be essential for related party transactions
- 4. Cumbersome compliance process for non-resident payers', noncompliance result in penalty
- 5. Safeguard to the taxpayer by taking an opinion and suggest paper trail if Part D is opted
- 6. Ensure patience and trust in Indian tax judiciary, accurate interpretation will lead to success



Thank you!



Your feedback is valuable and will help me improvise my skill-sets

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