Role and Responsibilities of Auditors

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Provisions relating to Audit and Auditors



- Background / Genesis of the amended provisions
- ➤ Mainly contained in Chapter X of the Act
- ➤ Certain other provisions which affect the auditing profession

Provisions relating to auditors

Relating to	Companies Act, 2013	Companies Act, 1956
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Chapter X of Rules – Rules 10.1 to 10.11		

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Appointment of Auditors

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- ➤ Auditors to be appointed at AGM for 5 years Rule 10.1
- Ratification required at each AGM
- Written consent and certificate required from auditor - Rule 10.2
- ➤ Company to inform auditors and file notice of appointment with ROC within 15 days
- Right of company to remove auditor or right of auditor to resign not affected
- Mandatory rotation of auditors in certain cases

Appointment of Auditors – contd.



- Members of a Company can resolve:
 - Rotation of audit partner at certain intervals
 - Rotation of audit team at certain intervals
 - Appointment of Joint Auditors
- ➤ Procedural provisions for appointment of first auditors in cases of Government Companies and other companies
- Procedural provisions relating to filling up of casual vacancy

Appointment of Auditors – contd.



- Retiring auditor cannot be reappointed if
 - Disqualified for reappointment
 - He gives notice of unwillingness
 - Someone else appointed or expressly decided not to reappoint
- > Retiring auditor to continue if no auditor appointed
- Issues
 - Does Auditor have a choice not to accept / refuse?
 - When does the auditor communicate with retiring auditor?
 - What happens if appointment not ratified?

Rotation of Auditors



- ➤ Mandatory in certain cases Rule 10.3
- ➤ Manner and procedure for rotation Rule 10.4
- ➤ In case of individual one term of 5 years
- ➤ In case of firm of auditors two terms of 5 consecutive years
- ➤ Cooling off period in both cases 5 years
- ➤ Audit firms having common partner or partners as on the date of appointment cannot be appointed for 5 years

Rotation of auditors – contd.



- Existing companies to comply with these provisions within 3 years of enactment
- Incoming auditor not eligible if such auditor or audit firm is associated with outgoing auditor or firm
 - Under same network
 - Operates under same trade mark or brand

Rotation of auditors – contd.



Mode of rotation when joint auditors are appointed

≻Issues

- Can another firm which earlier had common partners as the retiring auditor firm but not on date of appointment be appointed?
- Can any partner of retiring firm join another firm after appointment?
- Can partner of a firm be appointed in individual capacity?
- How will provision relating to joint auditor not retiring in same year be complied in the first year of application of section?

Removal / Resignation



- ➤ Mode of removing an auditor before expiry of his term Rule 10.5
- Special notice to be given
- >Auditor's rights in case of removal
- ➤ Resignation by an auditor Rule 10.6
- Removal of auditor by Tribunal in certain circumstances

Eligibility/Qualifications/Disqualifications



- Eligibility / Qualifications
 - Should be a Chartered Accountant
 - Can be an individual or a firm (including LLP)
- Disqualifications
 - Body Corporate (other than LLP)
 - Any officer or employee of the Company
 - Person who is partner or employee of officer or employee of the Company
 - A person in full time employment elsewhere

Eligibility/Qualifications/Disqualifications – contd.



- ➤ Disqualifications contd.
 - Relating to investment / transactions / dealings - Rule 10.7
 - Relative is director or employed as director or KMP
 - A person or partner of a firm who is holding appointment as auditor of more than 20 companies

Eligibility/Qualifications/Disqualifications – contd.

- **1**3
- Disqualifications contd.
 - A person who has been convicted in an offence involving fraud – disqualified for a period of 10 years from the date of conviction
 - Any person whose subsidiary or associate company or any other form of entity is, on the date of appointment, engaged in rendering consulting and specialised services specified in section 144
- > Disqualification incurred after appointment

Other provisions relating to auditors



Remuneration

- To be fixed at GM (except first auditors Board) or as may be determined therein
- Does not include remuneration for other services
- Expenses incurred by auditors for audit if not borne by Company – whether remuneration
- Signing of Reports
- Attendance at General Meetings
- > Internal Audit
- Cost Records and Cost Audit

Powers and Duties



> Powers:

- Right of access to books and vouchers
- Entitled to information and explanation as deemed necessary
- Holding Company's auditor to have access to record of all subsidiaries in so far it relates to CFS
- Audit of a branch Rule 10.9

Powers and Duties – contd.



> Duties:

- Inquiries to be made
- Reporting requirements Rule 10.8
- Report on financial statement to be laid before
 GM
- Auditing Standards to be complied
- Reporting of fraud Rule 10.10

Additional reporting requirements



- ➤ Observations or comments on financial matters which have adverse effect on the functioning
- Qualification, reservation, adverse remark relating to maintenance of accounts & other matters
- ➤ Whether Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and its operative effectiveness

Additional reporting requirements – contd.



- ➤ Effect, if any, of pending litigation on financial position / statement whether disclosed
- ➤ Provision for foreseeable losses, if any, on long term contracts (including derivative contracts) whether made
- Depositing money in IEPF whether any delay

Prohibited Services



- ➤ Apart from audit auditor can provide only those services as are approved by the AC/BOD
- Auditor prohibited, directly or indirectly, from rendering certain specified services
- Auditors rendering such services at present to comply before the closure of first financial year.

Punishment for contraventions



- Contravention by auditor relating to:
 - Appointment
 - Reporting requirements
 - Prohibited services
 - Signing of reports
- > Willful contravention or with an intention to deceive
- Consequences of conviction:
 - Refund the remuneration received to the Company
 - Pay damages
- Punishment for fraud under section 447

Other provisions affecting auditors



Duties / responsibilities vis-à-vis audit committee

- Powers of Registrar / Inspector
- Class action suits
- Assist liquidator in prosecution

National Financial Reporting Authority



- Central Government to constitute NFRA
- ➤ Role of NFRA
- ▶ Powers of NFRA
- > Penalties and other actions against auditors
- ➤ Role of ICAI

Key Takeaways



- Effect of mandatory rotation
- >Increased compliances
- Increased exposure to liabilities
- Increased responsibility
- > Reduced role of the Institute
- ➤ Will this be a boon or bane

