Registration, Return and Payment organised by

WIRC of ICAL

17th September 2016

Presenter –CA Mandar Telang

Registration

Registration - Legal Framework

- Taxable Person means a person who carries on any business at any place in India/State of And who is registered or required to be registered under Schedule – III of the Act.
- Schedule III of the Act Liability to be registered.
- Section 19 Registration
- Section 19A Registration of Casual Taxable Person and Non-Resident Taxable Person

17th September 2016

Schedule III - Every Supplier

- Persons liable to obtain registration
 - Every Supplier [i.e. person supplying the goods either on his own account or as an agent 1
 - □ Taxable Threshold 4 Lakh for North East states /9 Lakh in other cases [All supplies whether on his own account or as an agent)
 - If aggregate turnover consists of only goods/services which are not liable to tax. [Aggregate turnover = Taxable Supplies + Non Taxable Supplies + Exempt supplies + Export of goods /services to be computed on all India basis linked to one PAN but excluding GST taxes]

Schedule III - Specialised Provisions

- Person registered under existing law shall also be required to be registered under the GST law (provision for automatic migration in some cases)
- ✓ Transferee or Successors In case of transfer of business as going concern due to succession or otherwise,
- ✓ Transferee In case of transfer of business under scheme of amalgamation, demerger etc. – From date of such transfer or succession or date on which ROC issues certificate of Incorporation giving effect to High Court order of merger/demerger.

Schedule- III - Mandatory Registration

- Persons liable to register irrespective of Taxable Threshold limit
 - Persons making any inter-state taxable
- Where to Register ???

- Casual taxable person
- ✓ Non-resident taxable person
- Persons who are required to pay tax under reverse charge
- Persons who are required to deduct tax u/s 37.
- Persons who supply goods and/or segvices on

 17th September

In which State to apply for Registration?

Place of Registration - "from where" Supplier makes a taxable supply of goods and or services

♦ Whether "Place compoly" = "place from where supply is made Gujarat

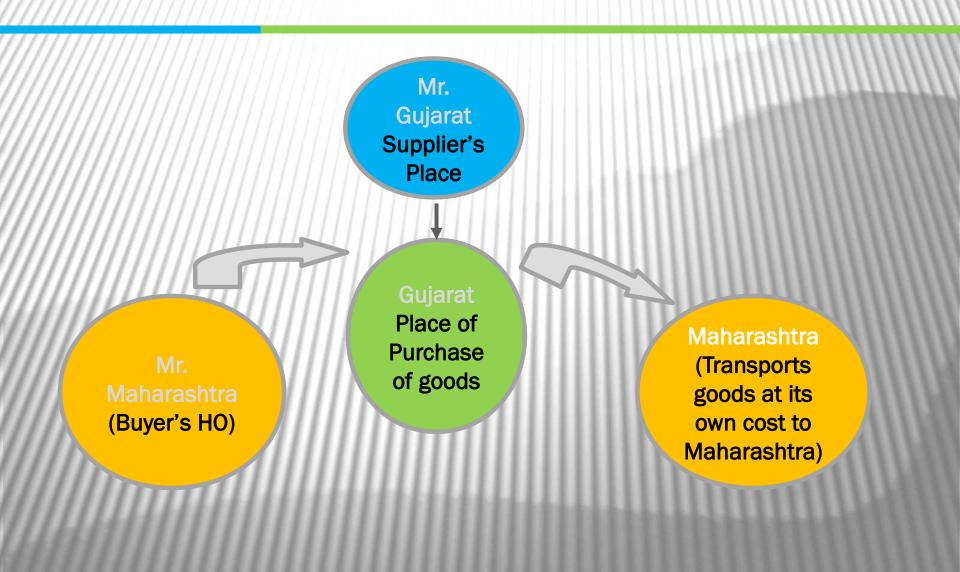
Place of

Maharashtra (Supplier) Supply

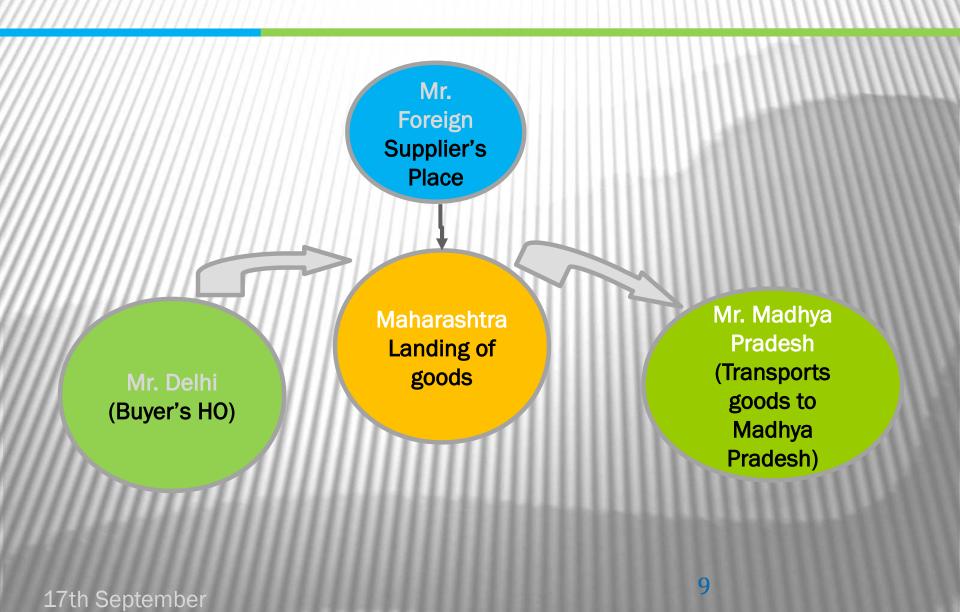
Gujarat

(Receiver)

In which State to apply for Registration?



In which State to apply for Registration?



Section - 19 Registration

- Registration to be obtained in every State.
- There can be more than one registration in Single state – If assesse intends to take registration as per business verticals.
- There is a provision for voluntary registration.
- PAN is mandatory (except for non-resident taxable person)
- Proper Officer has power to get any unregistered person registered under the Act.

Section - 19 Registration

- Rejection of Registration/UIN Only after giving SCN.
- Registration to be given in Prescribed Period If no deficiency or query is communicated within the said period, then registration shall be deemed to be granted.
- Rejection of application/UIN under CGST or SGST Act shall be deemed to be rejection of registration under both the Acts.

Business Process - GSTIN

Business Process - Transitionary Provisions

- Section 142 Migration of existing tax-payers to GST
- Existing registrants are those who are either registered with States or with Centre or with Both.
- They will be Migrated into GSTN and will be issued GSTIN automatically by system on "Provisional Basis" [Valid for 6 Months]
- * Taxpayer Registered under Excise & VAT –

 17th September data for issuing GSTIN should be VAT

Business Process - Transitionary Provisions

- GSTIN will be generated by NSDL based on Source Data in case of all VAT TIN
- Service tax payers may be advised to intimate their choice as to State for the purpose of registration.
- * Service Tax Portal will check from GST Portal if GSTIN is already generated in respect of particular PAN used for granting existing service tax registration number. If not, it will transpost GST Portal to generate the same.

Registration – Casual Taxable Person and Non – Resident taxable person. – Section 19A

- Casual Taxable Person Person who occasionally undertakes transactions involving supply of goods and/or services in the course or furtherance of business, in a taxable territory where he has no fixed place of business.
- Non-resident Taxable Person Person who occasionally, undertakes transactions involving supply of goods and services, and who has no fixed place of business in India.
- **Certificate of Registration issued to such

Cancellation of Registration

- Cancellation can be done by Proper Officer suo motu or on application made by the registered taxable person.
- Reasons for cancellation
 - ✓ Transfer of business or discontinuation of business
 - Change in the constitution of business. (Partnership Firm may be changed to Sole Proprietorship due to death of one of the two partners, it may leas to change in PAN)

17th SeRersons no longer liable to be registered under

Cancellation of Registration

- Notice of hearing and opportunity of being heard is a MUST before cancellation. [There will be a system generated 7 days SCN]
- Post cancellation, liability of persons for a period prior date of cancellation shall continue.
- Cancellation of registration either under CGST Act or SGST Act shall be deemed to be Cancellation of registration under both the Acts.
- ***Freet of Cancellation -Shall be liable to nav

Returns

Returns – Legal Framework

- Section 25 Furnishing of details of outward supplies
- Section 26 Furnishing of details of inward supplies
- Section 27 Returns
- Section 27A First Return
- Section 28 Claim of Input Tax Credit and Acceptance thereof
- Section 29 Matching, reversal, reclaim of ITC

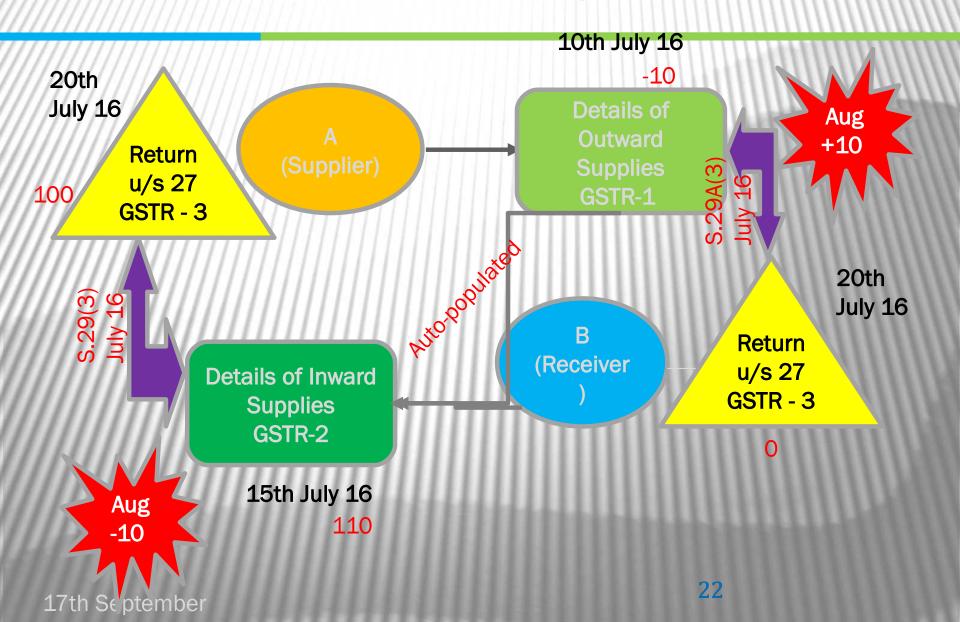
Returns, Periodicity and Due Dates

Section	Return Type	For	Periodicity	Due Date
25	GSTR-1	Outward Supplies Made by Tax payer. (other than Composition dealer, ISD, and TDS u/s 37)	Monthly	10th of Next Month
26	GSTR-2	Inward Supplies Made by Tax payer. (other than Composition dealer, ISD, and TDS u/s 37)	Monthly	15th of Next Month
27(1)	GSTR-3	Tax Return (other than Composition dealer, ISD, and TDS u/s 37)	Monthly	20th of Next Month
27(1)	GSTR- 4	Composition Dealer	Quarterly	18th of Next Month

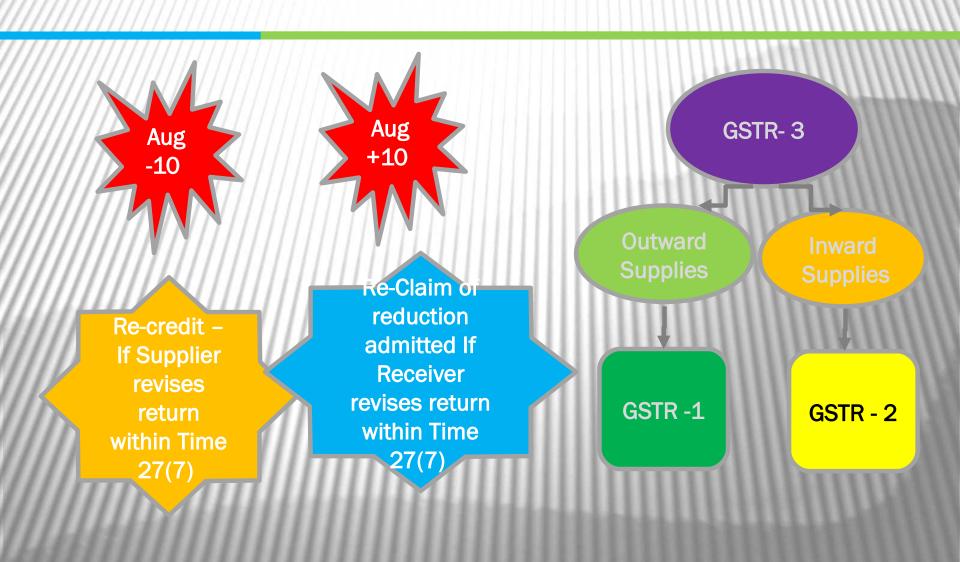
Returns, Periodicity and Due Dates

Section	Return Type	For	Periodicity	Due Date
27(6)	GSTR - 6	ISD	Monthly	13th of Next Month
27(5)	GSTR - 7	Return of TDS u/s 37	Monthly	10th of Next Month
30	GSTR- 8	Annual Return	Annually	31st December of Next FY.
Bus. Process	GSTR-5	Periodic Return nu Non- Resident Foreign Taxpayer		Last Day of Registration

Return & Statement Matching - June 2016



Return & Statement Matching - June 2016



Section 25 (Furnishing details of Outward Supplies)

- "details of outward supplies" shall include details relating to
 - Zero rated supplies
 - ☐ inter-state supplies
 - □ goods returned
 - Exports
 - Debit Notes / Credit Notes and supplementary invoices.

- Section 26 (Inward Supplies)
 - ✓ The information submitted in GSTR-1 by the Counterparty Supplier of the Taxpayer shall be autopopulated in the concerned Tables of GSTR-2. Taxpayer then shall, verify, modify or delete, if required and validate such details and prepare details of his inward supplies
 - ✓ Inward supplies include supplies on which tax is payable on reverse charge basis.
- ✓ Rectification of errors in respect of unmatched 17th Separtries u/s 29 (Pay tax and interest)

Section 27 (Return)

- It shall include both details of inward supply and outward supply besides other details
- A registered taxable person shall not be allowed to furnish return for tax period if valid return for any previous tax period is not furnished.
- ✓ Due date of payment is linked to due date of return u/s 27.
- ✓ If tax due as per return is not paid in full, return shall not be regarded as Valid Return for allowing

- Section 27A First Return
 - Applicable to new Assessee or even to existing migrated tax payer??
 - Return shall contain particulars of outward supplies (from the date on which he becomes liable to register till the end of the month in which registration is granted.)
 - Return shall contain particulars of inward supplies (from the date of registration till the end of till the end of the month in which registration is granted.

Section 29 (Matching of Input Tax Credit)

- Details of inward supply (in GSTR- 2 ??) to be matched with details of Outward Supplies shown by counter party supplier in his valid return (GSTR-3)
- Matched Entries will be accepted and such acceptance shall be communicated to recipient.
- ✓ Unmatched entires [i.e. where claim of ITC in inward supply details is higher than the tax declared by the supplier for the same supply or where outward supply is not declared by the supplier] h September 28 to both.

Section 29A (Matching of reduction in output tax liability)

- Deals with details of credit note relating to outward supplies furnished by the supplier.
- ✓ Matching of Outward Supply details (GSTR-1 ??)
 with details of corresponding inward supplies
 shown by recipient in his valid return (GSTR-3)
- Matched Entries will be accepted and such acceptance shall be communicated to recipient.
- Unmatched entires [i.e. where reduction in outward

Annual Return – Section 30

- ✓ To be filed by every taxable person other than
 - **ISD**
 - Composition Dealer
 - Deductor of TDS u/s 37
 - A Casual Taxable Person
 - A non-resident Taxable Person
- ✓ Audited Accounts and a Reconciliation Statement
 (supplies as per returns vis-à-vis supplies as per

 17th Septendited financial statements) to be furnished along

Payment

Section 35 – Significant Points

- Every payment made by the taxable person towards tax, interest, penalty, fee or other amount shall be credited to the "electronic cash ledger" of such person.
- * Input Tax Credit as self assessed in return of a taxab on shocks record to sest only for

payment of tax]

- 1. IGST
- 2. CGST

1. CGST

2. IGST

1. SGST

₂. IGST

Section 35 – Payment of Tax

- Every Taxable Person (unless otherwise proved to its contrary) be deemed to have passed on full incidence of such tax to the recipient of such goods and/or services.
- Order in which payment should be made
 - Self assessed tax and other dues related to returns of previous tax periods
 - ✓ Self assessed tax and other dues related to returns of current tax periods

17th September amount payable under the Act including

Business Process on Payment

- One single challan form making payment of all taxes covered in GST basket
- Contents of challan
 - ✓ GSTIN, Name, Address, email id, Mobile No.
 - Date

Tax , Interest, Penalty and Others.

- ✓ CGST Code
- ✓ SGST Code
- ✓ IGST Code

THANK YOU.