Recent Amendments in Companies Act (other than CSR)

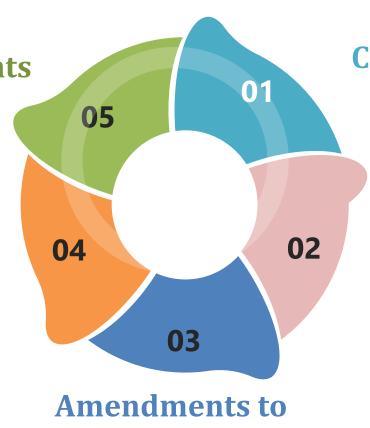
Presented by – **CA. Diana Mathias**

27 June 2021

RECENT AMENDMENTS

Miscellaneous Amendments

Companies (Amendment) Act, 2020



Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014

Companies (Audit and Auditors) **Rules, 2014**

Schedule III

MAJOR IMPACT – STAKEHOLDER

Transparency ACCOUNTS DEPT. D

Transparency



Investor Confidence



Stakeholder Satisfaction



Accountability



Early warning signs

MAJOR IMPACT – COMPANY / AUDITOR



Extensive Disclosures



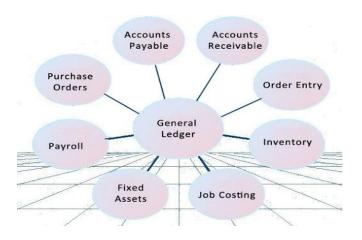
Enhanced Auditor reporting



Comparative for all disclosures



Updated IT Infrastructure



Robust systems & processes



THE COMPANY (ACCOUNTS) RULES, 2014

THE COMPANY
(AUDIT AND
AUDITORS) RULES,
2014

ACCOUNTS / AUDIT & AUDITORS RULES, 2014

Particulars	Effective	Company	Auditor opinion
Audit trail 1st April 2022		 Applicability - Companies using ACCOUNTING SOFTWARE 	 Accounting software having audit trail was used
	•	 Feature of recording audit trail 	 Operated throughout the year for all transactions
	2022	 Creating edit log for every change 	Not tampered with
		 Ensuring Audit trail is not disabled 	Preserved for retention



- Whether entries need to be passed on the same day How to close 31st March entries?
- Whether Rectification entries possible
- How to ensure NON TAMPERING Changes to Master Data
- Consequence of Non- Adherence

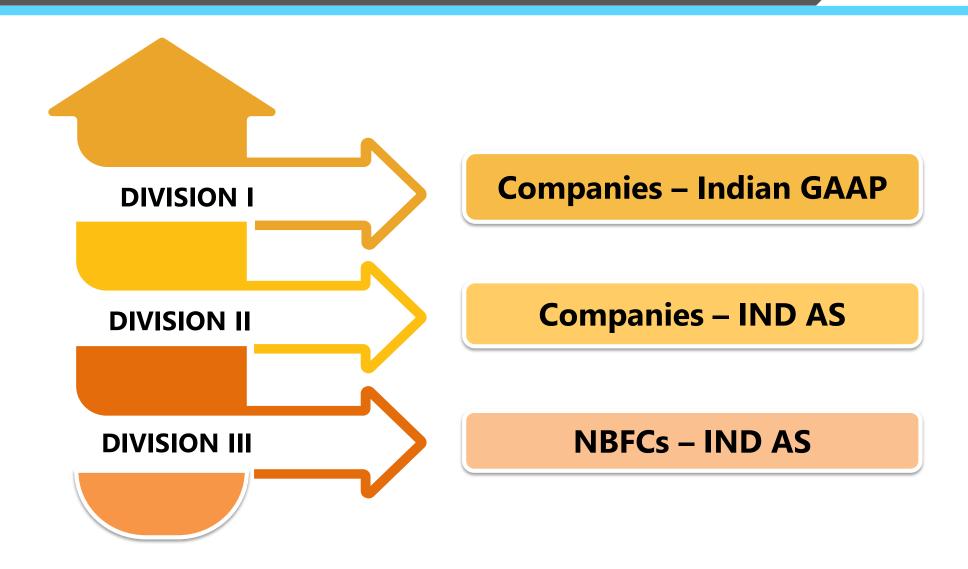
ACCOUNTS / AUDIT & AUDITORS RULES, 2014

Particulars	Effective	Company in Board Report
IBC Proceeding	1 st April 2021	 Details of application/ proceedings pending under IBC along with the status
Valuation for loan	1 st April 2021	 Difference between valuation done at one time settlement vis-à-vis while taking loan from Banks Reasons
Particulars	Effective	Auditor opinion
Particulars Dividend	Effective 1st April 2021	Auditor opinion • Dividend declared or paid is in compliance with section 123



SCHEDULE III AMENDMENTS

SCHEDULE III AMENDMENTS



SPECIFIC TO PROMOTERS

SHAREHOLDING

S.N.	Promoter's Name	No. of shares	% of Total shares	Change %
1				
2				

LOANS AND ADVANCES IN NATURE OF LOAN

- Currently only shareholding of more than 5% needs to be disclosed
- Now need to disclose shareholding of Promoters for each class along with changes
- Promoter as defined in Companies Act 2013

Receiver		
Promoters	Directors	
KMPs	Relatives	

Conditions
Repayable on demand
Repayment terms not specified

Disclosure
Amount Outstanding
% of total

BANK BORROWINGS

01 Quarterly statements

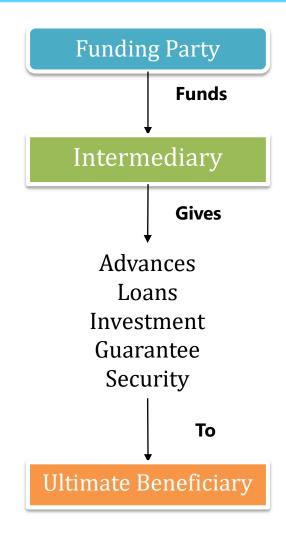
Match with Books?

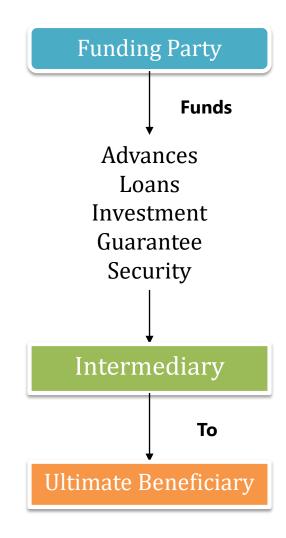
02

Utilisation of Proceeds

For Respective Purpose?

CONDUIT LENDING AND BORROWING

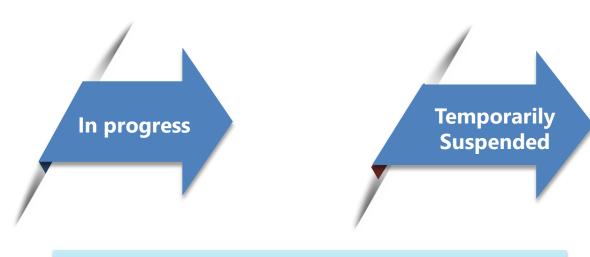




TITLE DEEDS OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY

If title deeds of properties are not held in company's name, details to be disclosed with reasons.	
If such property is under dispute the same shall also be disclosed.	
Disclosure shall not be required for properties held on lease where agreements are duly executed.	
For joint holding of such property, disclosure shall be made to the extent of the company's share.	

CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS/INTANGIBLES



Less than 1 Year

1 – 2 Years

2 – 3 Years

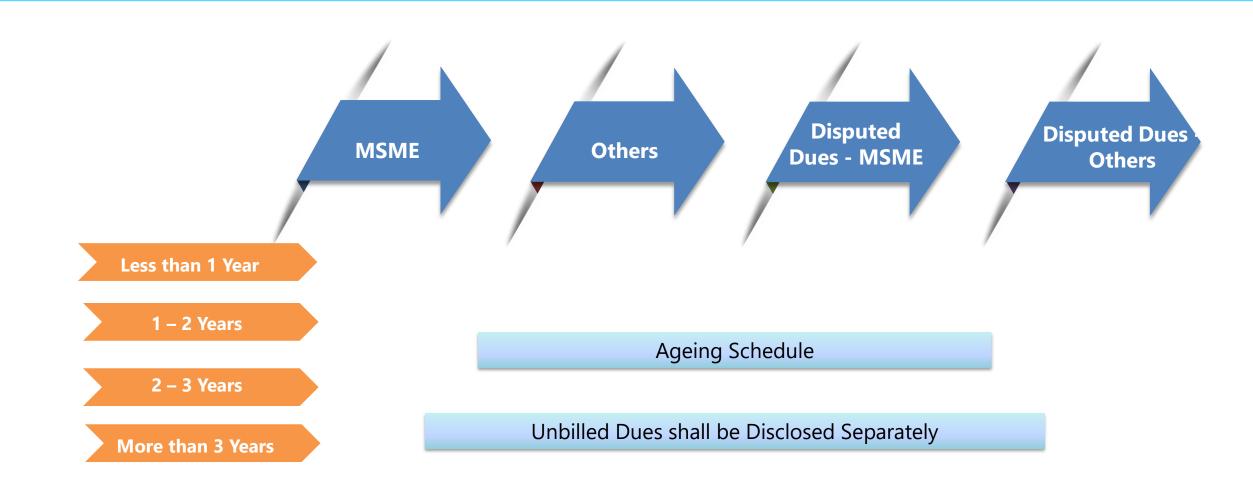
More than 3 Years

Ageing Schedule

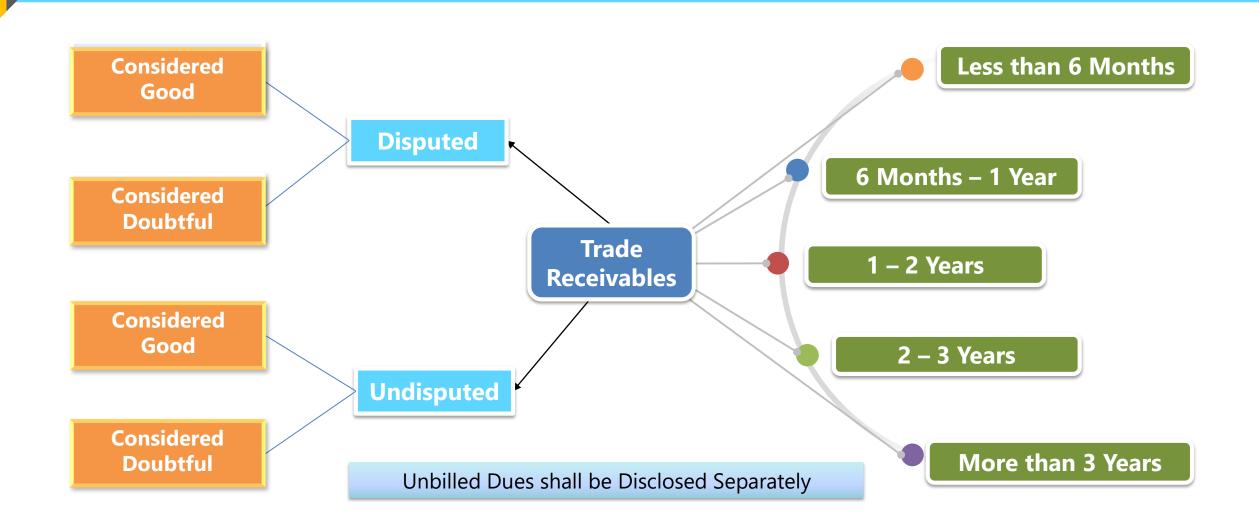
Completion Schedule for overdue /cost over run

Details of activity suspended separately to be given

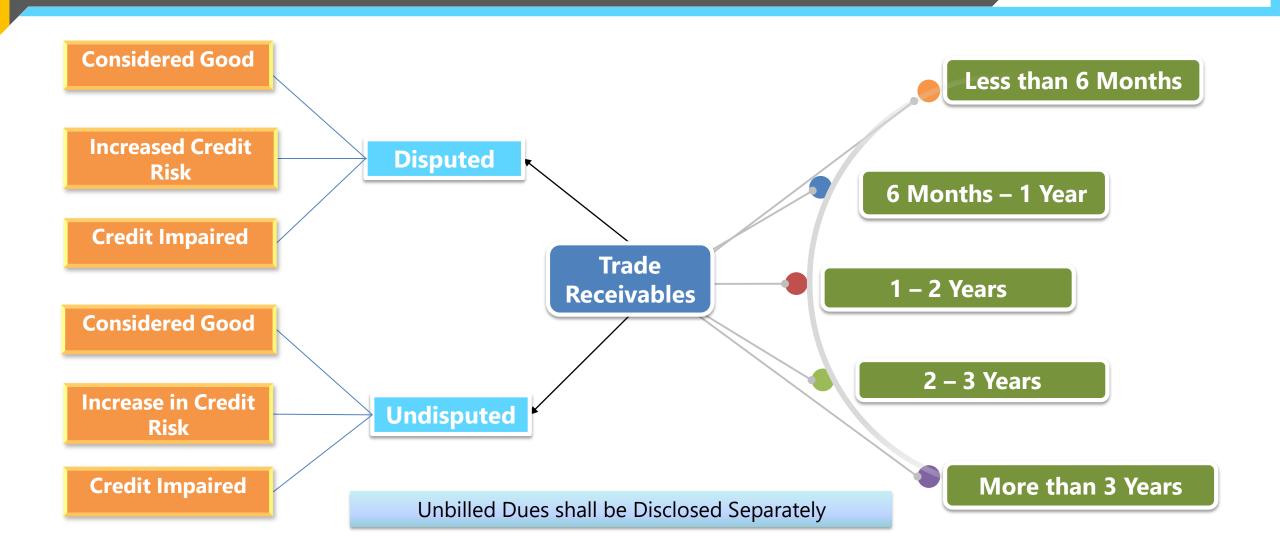
TRADE PAYABLES DUE FOR PAYMENT



TRADE RECEIVABLES - IGAAP



TRADE RECEIVABLES - IND AS



DISCLOSURE OF RATIOS - COMPANIES

Profitability

- Net Profit
- Return on Capital
- Return on Equity
- Return on Investment

Liquidity

Current Ratio

Turnover

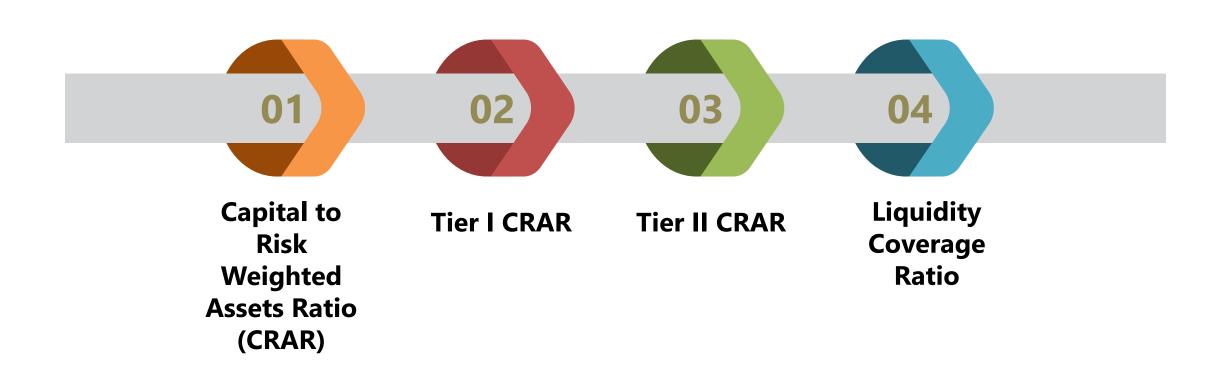
- Inventory
- Trade Receivable
- Trade Payable
- Net Capital

Solvency

- Debt-Equity
- Debt Service Coverage

Explanation to be provided for any change in the ratio by more than 25%

DISCLOSURE OF RATIOS - NBFCs



CHANGES IN CLASSIFICATION

Amendment	Pre amendment	Post amendment
"General instructions for preparation of Balance Sheet and statement of Profit and Loss of a company"	Depending on Total Turnover, figures to be rounded off	Depending on Total Income, figures to be rounded off
Assets - Non Current Assets	a) Tangible assetsb) Intangible assets	a) Property, Plant and Equipment b) Intangible assets
Current Maturities of long term loans	Under Other Current Liabilities	Under Short term borrowings
Security Deposits	Under Long term loans and advances	Under Other Current Assets
Face of Profit and Loss	Existing title – Total Revenue	Title changed to – Total Income

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

Amendment	Post amendment disclosure
Statement of changes in Equity (Applicable to IND AS)	Changes due to prior period errorsRestated opening balance
Revaluation of PPE / Intangible Assets	 Whether revalued by Registered valuer Reconciliation due to revaluation in case of change of 10% or more in carrying value
Accounting Treatment	Effect of the scheme has been recorded in books in accordance with accounting standards
Registration of charges	Disclosure for Charges yet to be registered beyond statutory period

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

Amendment	Post amendment disclosure		
Grants / donations	Section 8 Companies to separately disclose under Revenue from operations		
Number of layers	In respect of companies beyond 2 layers: 1) Name and CIN 2) Extent of holding in such companies		
Crypto Currency	For trading in crypto currency, disclose: 1) Profit or Loss 2) Amount of currency held 3) Deposits/Advances taken		

ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

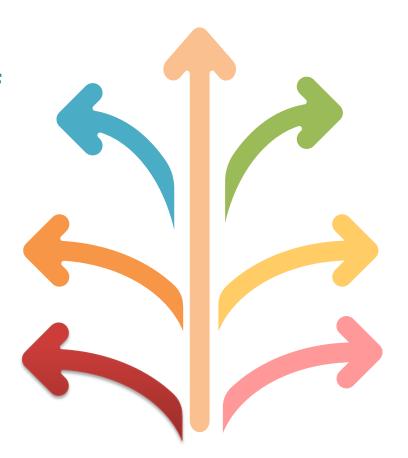
Amendment	Post amendment disclosure
Benami Property	Details of Benami property held where any proceedings have been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property
Willful Defaulter	Company categorized as a wilful defaulter required to disclose details regarding the date of declaration, the amount and nature of defaults.
Undisclosed Income	Transactions not recorded in books that has been surrendered or disclosed as income under Income Tax Act.
Struck off companies	Where the company has any transaction with companies struck off required to disclose Name of such company, transactions, balance outstanding and relationship



Exclusions from definition of listed companies

Unlisted companies to file periodical results

Remuneration in case of losses or inadequate profits



Timeline for acceptance of offer letter for right issue

Exemptions to NBFCs and HFCs

Exemptions to certain class of foreign companies

EXCLUSIONS FROM DEFINITION OF LISTED COMPANIES

- 1. Public companies which have listed their:
 - a) Non-convertible debt securities or/and
 - b) Non-convertible redeemable preference shares
 - c) Equity shares in stock exchanges in permissible foreign jurisdictions
- 2. Private companies which have listed their Non-convertible debt securities.

UNLISTED COMPANIES TO FILE PERIODICAL RESULTS

Prescribed class of unlisted companies shall:

- 1. Prepare periodical financial results
- 2. Obtain approval of Board
- 3. Complete limited review
- 4. File copy with registrar

REMUNERATION IN CASE OF LOSSES OR INADEQUATE PROFITS

In case of losses or inadequate profits, companies shall be allowed to pay remuneration to non-executive directors and independent directors within the limits of Schedule V as specified below:

Where the effective capital is	Yearly remuneration payable to NEDs and IDs shall not exceed	
Negative or less than 5 crores	12 lakhs	
5 crores and above but less than 100 crores	17 lakhs	
100 crores and above but less than 250 crores	24 lakhs	
250 crores and above	24 Lakhs plus 0.01% of the effective capital in excess of Rs.250 crores	

These limits can be exceeded by passing a special resolution

TIMELINE FOR ACCEPTANCE OF OFFER LETTER FOR RIGHT ISSUE

The present timeline of 15 -30 days for acceptance of right issue offer letter is proposed to be reduced.

EXEMPTIONS TO NBFCS AND HFCS

Resolution passed by NBFCs and HFCs to grant loans, give guarantee or provide security in respect of loans in their ordinary course of business need not be filed with ROC.

EXEMPTION TO CERTAIN CLASS OF FOREIGN COMPANIES

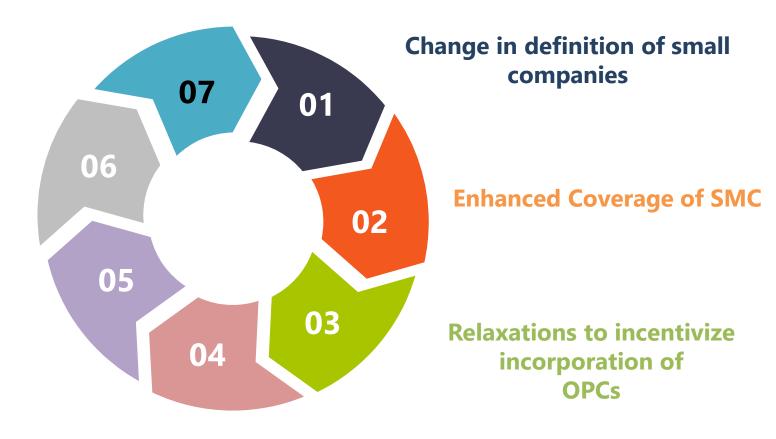
Central Government may exempt certain class of foreign companies, companies incorporated or to be incorporated outside India from the provisions of Chapter XXII – Companies Incorporated Outside India.

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

Relaxation in meetings

Startups allowed to take benefit of Section 233

Relaxation in filing of certain forms



Changes in E-forms pertaining to incorporation of companies

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

CHANGE IN DEFINITION OF SMALL COMPANIES

- 1. Threshold for Paid up Capital increased to Rs. 2 crores from existing Rs. 50 lacs
- 2. Threshold for Turnover increased to Rs. 20 crores from existing Rs. 2 crores

ENHANCED COVERAGE OF SMALL AND MEDIUM COMPANIES (SMC) IN ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

- 1. Higher threshold limits for categorization of SMC [Turnover of Rs 250 crore & borrowing of Rs. 50 crore which is five time higher than earlier limits]. This is now aligned with limits for non-corporate entities.
- 2. Transitional provision two years cool off period
- 3. Exemption from application of AS e.g. Segment Reporting and relaxation in measurement and disclosure for employee benefits

RELAXATIONS TO INCENTIVIZE INCORPORATION OF OPCS

- 1. Non-resident Indians allowed to incorporate OPCs.
- 2. Residency period for Indian residents reduced to 120 days from 182 days.
- 3. No restriction of 2 years for conversion into a public or private company.
- 4. Limitation of capital of Rs. 50 lakhs & turnover of Rs. 2 crores is done away with.

MISCELLANEOUS AMENDMENTS

CHANGES IN E-FORMS PERTAINING TO INCORPORATION OF COMPANIES

E Form AGILE PRO replaced by AGILE-PRO-S, with facility of Shops & Establishment Registration being added.

RELAXATION IN FILING OF CERTAIN FORMS

Additional time up to 31st July 2021 for Companies/LLPs to file certain forms which were due for filing during 01st April 2021 to 31st May 2021, without payment of additional fees.

STARTUPS ALLOWED TO TAKE BENEFIT OF SECTION 233

Fast track process of mergers extended to include, merger of startups with startups and merger of startups with small companies

RELAXATION IN RELATION TO MEETINGS

The gap between two consecutive board meetings may extend to 180 days during the Quarter – April to June 2021 and Quarter – July to September, 2021, instead of 120 days.

Conduct of board meetings by video conferencing has been allowed for activities that were earlier restricted. EGM can be held upto 31st December 2021

Q & A SESSION



Thank you

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