

in Schedule III of Companies Act, 2013 (Division I & II)

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Introduction

- ➤ The Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) has amended Schedule III of Companies Act 2013 on 24th March, 2021 with an objective to increase transparency, provide additional disclosures to users of financial statements and to align disclosures with CARO 2020. These amendments are effective from 1st April, 2021.
- ➤ MCA had earlier issued the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (CARO 2020), which is also applicable for audit reports to be issued on or after 1st April, 2021. Some of the changes in Schedule III are aligned with the changes in CARO 2020.
- The requirements of the Schedule III however, do not apply to companies as referred to in the proviso to Section 129(1) of the Act, i.e., any insurance or banking company or to any other class of Company for which a form of financial statement has been specified in or under the Act governing such class of company.



Applicability:

The revised schedule III is applicable for all the full fledged Financial Statements prepared for any period after 31st March, 2021. This includes:

- > Year ended Financial Statements
- > Interim Financial Statements, if full set of FS is presented

All the new disclosure are required to be given with the comparatives.

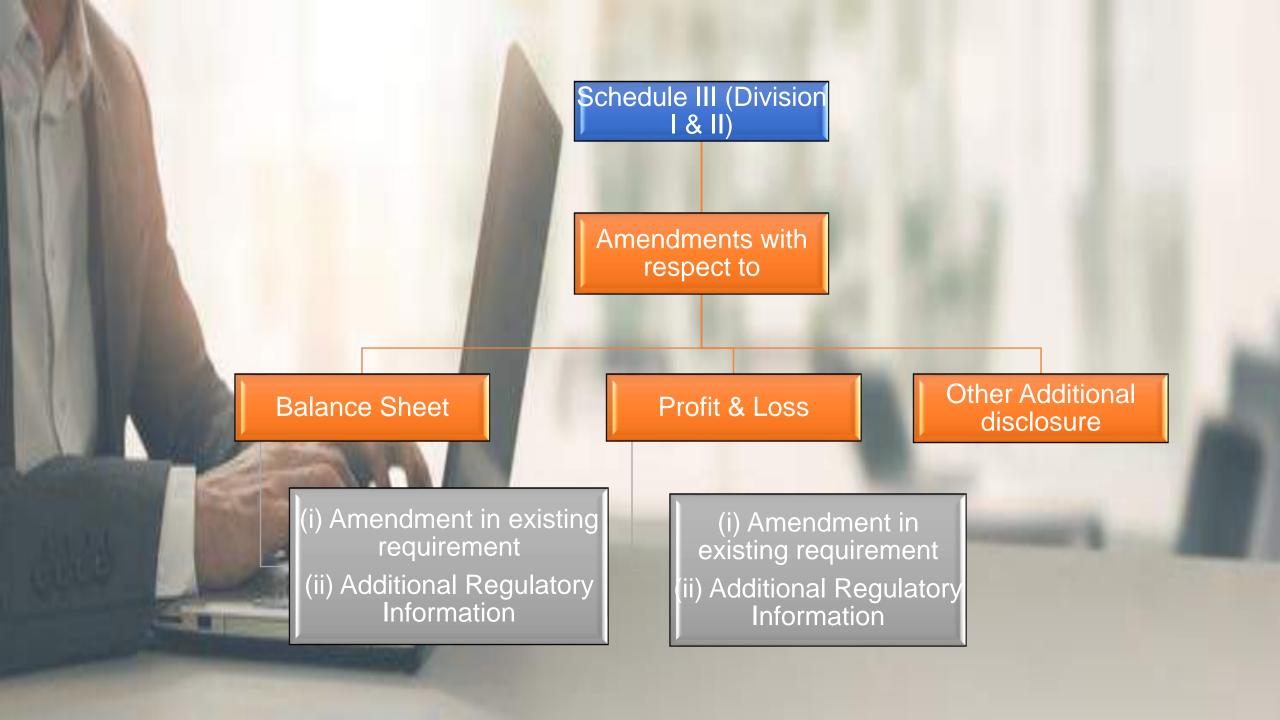
Schedule III is divided into three parts, that is, Division I, Division II and Division III:

- 1. Division I is applicable to entities preparing their financial statements as per the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006;
- 2. Division II is applicable to entities preparing their financial statements as per the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015; and
- 3. Division III is applicable to non-banking financial institutions preparing their financial statements as per Ind AS.

Applicability

As per the Companies Ind AS Rules, "Non-Banking Financial Company" means a Non-Banking Financial Company as defined in clause (f) of section 45-I of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 and includes:

- Housing Finance Companies,
- Merchant Banking companies,
- Micro Finance Companies,
- Mutual Benefit Companies,
- Venture Capital Fund Companies,
- Stock Broker or Sub-Broker Companies,
- Nidhi Companies,
- Chit Companies,
- Securitisation and Reconstruction Companies,
- Mortgage Guarantee Companies,
- Pension Fund Companies,
- Asset Management Companies and
- Core Investment Companies.





Division I:

Compulsory Rounding off figures is now based on Total Income instead of Turnover. ('May' substituted with 'Shall')

- a. Total Income less than Rs. 100 crores Nearest hundreds, thousands, lakhs or millions
- b. Total Income more than Rs. 100 crores Nearest lakhs, millions or crores.

Henceforth, companies will have to round off the figures appearing in the financial statements, earlier it was optional. Once selected it 'Should' apply it consistently.



Division I:

Addition/Deletion under sub head Non-Current Assets

II. ASSETS

Non-current assets

- (1)(a) Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets
- (i) Tangible assets Property, Plant and Equipment
- (ii) Intangible Assets

This amendment has been made in line with the requirement of the name of the accounting standard.

Share Capital

Schedule III - No such disclosure required

Additional Requirement - The company shall disclose shareholding of promoters at the end of the year as per following format:

Shares held by pror	Shares held by promoters at the end of year								
Sr No.	Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares						
Total									

Promoter here means promoter as defined in section 2(69) Companies Act 2013 which is as follows:

- a) The person named as such in a prospectus or
- b) Identified by the company in the annual return referred to in section 92; or
- c) Has control over the affairs of the company, directly or indirectly whether as a shareholder, director or otherwise; or
- d) The person with whose advice, directions or instructions the Board of Directors of the Company is accustomed to act excluding a person who is acting merely in a professional capacity.

Share Capital

Guidance Note on Schedule III states:

The prescribed format requires disclosure only in respect of shares held at the end of the year, however, companies should also disclose number and percentage of shares at the beginning of the year as additional columns in order to facilitate an understanding of the percentage change during the year.

	Shares held by promoters at the end of year									
		As on 31 st March, 2022			As on 31 st March, 2021			As on 1 st April 2020		
Sr No.	Promoter name	No. of shares	% of total shares	% change during the year	No. of shares	% of total shares	% change during the year	No. of shares	% of total shares	
Total										

Short Term Borrowings:

Short Term Borrowings:

Now, current maturities from long term borrowings is required to be separately disclosed in the financial statements.

No Reporting Required under CARO 2020

Other Current Liabilities – sub-heading (a) Current maturities of long-term debt is omitted

Trade payables

Existing Requirement Additional Requirement A part from the existing requirement the following additional categorization is to be Schedule IIIdisclosed: Schedule III requires presenting 'Payables' as a separate line item on the Particular Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment face of the Balance Sheet under 'Current Liabilities'. The following shall Less than 1 1-2 Years 2-3 Years More than 3 Total be disclosed as sub-heads on the face of the Balance Sheet under years years payables as per Division III of Schedule III: i) MSME (I) Trade Payables (i) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small (ii) Other enterprises (ii) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises (iii) Disputed dues - MSME (iv)Disputed dues - Others Note: Similar information shall be given where no due date of payment is specified in that case disclosure shall be from the date of the transaction.

Unbilled dues shall be disclosed separately;

Title deeds of immovable properties not held in the name of company

Schedule III- No such disclosure required

The company shall provide the details of all the immovable property (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favor of the lessee) whose title deeds are not held in the name of the company in following format and where such immovable property is jointly held with others, details are required to be given to the extent of the company's share.

	Relevant line in the balance sheet	Description of item of property	Gross carrying value	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is promoter, director or relative of promoter/director or employee of promoter/director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of company (also indicate if in dispute)
	PPE	Land & Building	mossilka ja j			Silve Fuel	The Control of the Co
	Investment property	Land & Building					
	Non current assets held for sale	Land & Building					
al same	Other	Land & Building					

Relative here means relative as defined in the Companies Act, 2013.

^{*} Promoter here means promoter as defined in the Companies Act, 2013.

Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP) and intangible assets under development

Existing Requirement	Ad	Iditional Regulatory Informat	ion											
Schedule III- No such disclosure	dev	Earlier there was no such ovelopment but now the following VIP aging schedule				rk-in progress	s/ Intan	gible As	ssets under					
Guidance Note- As per Schedule III, capital advances should be		CWIP / Intangible assets under development	Amount in CWIP for a period of				Total							
included under long term loans and advances and hence, cannot be included under capital work in progress.								Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 year			
The capital work-in-progress shall be disclosed as a separate line-item on the face of the balance sheet.		Projects in progress												
separate infe-item on the race of the balance sheet.		Projects temporarily suspended												
		(ii) For capital-work-in progress/ Intangible assets under development, whose completion is overdue exceeded its cost compared to its original plan, following CWIP completion												
		CWIP / Intangible assets under development To be condevelopment			To be completed in									
				Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More year	than 3						
	1103	Projects 1												
	Tomas (Projects 2				Jan C.								
	No	OTE: Details of projects where	activity has	s been susp	pended shall b	e given separa	ately							

Revaluation of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

Existing Requirement	Additional Requirement
(i) "A reconciliation of the gross and net carrying amounts of each class of assets at the beginning and end of the reporting period showing additions, disposals, acquisitions through business combinations and other adjustments and the related depreciation and impairment losses or reversals shall be disclosed separately".	A reconciliation of the amount of change due to revaluation (if change (increase or decrease) is 10% or more in the aggregate of the net carrying value of each class of Property, Plant and Equipment) shall be disclosed separately." Accounting Standard 10 on Property, Plant and Equipment requires to disclose the entire change in the net carrying value of each class of PPE. Hence, this clause will be overridden by the requirement of AS. Also it shall disclose as to whether the revaluation (where carried out) is based on the valuation by a registered valuer as defined under rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuers
	and Valuation) Rules, 2017.

Loans and advances

Existing Requirement		Additional Requirement	t	
Guidance Note- loans receivables should be sub-classified as follows:		the nature of loans are personnel (KMPs) and the Act, 2013) either several	granted to promoters ne related parties (as only or jointly with any oth	where loans or advances in , directors, key managerial defined under Companies er person, that are:
Particulars	Amount	(a) Repayable on demand (b) Without specifying an		ayment
(i) Loans receivables considered good – Secured		Types of borrower	Amount of loan or advance in the nature of loan	Percentage of total loan and advance in nature of loans
(ii) Loans receivables considered good – Unsecured		Promoters	outstanding	
(iii) Doubtful		Promoters		
		Directors		
As per AS 18 - Related Party Disclosures, if an entity during the periods covered by the financial statement	s, it shall disclose the nature of	KMPs		
the related party relationship as well as information outstanding balances.	about those transactions and	Related parties		

Trade Receivables

Existing Requirement Additional Requirement A part from the existing requirement the **additional** categorization is to be disclosed as follows: Schedule III-1)Trade receivables are sub-classified as: **Particular Particular Amount** Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment Less than 6 months 1-2 year 2-3 year More than Total (i) Considered good - Secured 6 months - 1 year 3 year (ii) Considered good - Unsecured (i) Undisputed Trade receivables- considered good (iii) Doubtful (ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful 2) Allowance for bad and doubtful debts shall be disclosed under the relevant heads separately (iv) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good 3) Debts due by directors or other officers of the Company or any of them (v) Disputed Trade Receivables - considered doubtful either severally or jointly with any other person or debts due by firms including limited liability partnerships (LLPs), private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member should be separately stated. NOTE: Similar information shall be given where no due date of payment is specified in that case disclosure shall be from the date of the transaction.

Unbilled dues shall be disclosed separately.



Borrowing obtained on the basis of Security of current assets

Where the company has borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets, it shall disclose the following:

- (a) whether quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the company with banks or financial institutions are in agreement with the books of accounts.
- (b) if not, summary of reconciliation and reasons of material discrepancies, if any to be adequately disclosed.

Quarter	Name of Bank	Particulars of securities provided	Amount as per books of account	Amount as reported in the quarterly return/ statement	Amount of difference	Reason for material discrepancies
June 20XX	Bank X	a) Trade receivables b)loan receivables c) Inventory	XX	XX	XX	

The disclosure required under this clause should also be made where borrowings have been availed based on security of current assets of other companies / entities within the same Group as the reporting entity.

End use of borrowings

Where the company has not used the borrowings from banks and financial institutions for the specific purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date, the company shall disclose the details of where they have been used.

CARO 2020- A reporting on the same including the earlier reporting on utilization of short term borrowing for long term purpose.

Security Deposits

Omitted from Long Term Loans & Advances

Added in Other Non-Current Assets

Utilisation of Borrowed funds and Share premium:

- a) Where **company has advanced or loaned or invested funds** (either **borrowed funds or share premium** or any other sources or kind of funds) to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Intermediary shall
- (i) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (ii) Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

The company shall disclose the following:

Particular	Date	Amount
(i) Fund advanced or loaned or invested in Intermediaries (complete details of each Intermediary).		
(ii) Fund further advanced or loaned or invested by such Intermediaries to other intermediaries or Ultimate Beneficiaries (complete details of the ultimate beneficiaries).		
(iii) Guarantee, security or the like provided to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries		

(iv) Declaration that relevant provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999) and Companies Act has been complied with for such transactions and the transactions are not violative of the Prevention of Money-Laundering act, 2002 (15 of 2003)

Utilisation of Borrowed funds and Share premium:

- b) Where a company has received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the company shall
- (i) Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (ii) Provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

The company shall disclose the following:

Particular	Date	Amount
(i) Fund received from Funding parties with complete details of each Funding party		
(ii)Fund further advanced or loaned or invested other intermediaries or Ultimate Beneficiaries along with complete details of the other intermediaries' or ultimate beneficiaries		
(iii) Guarantee, security or the like provided to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries		

(iv) Declaration that relevant provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 (42 of 1999) and Companies Act has been complied with for such transactions and the transactions are not violative of the Prevention of Money-Laundering act, 2002 (15 of 2003)

Details of Benami Property Held

Where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder, the company shall disclose the following:

Details of such property	Yr. of acquisition	Amount	Details of beneficiaries	If property is in the books, then reference to the item in the balance sheet	If property is not in the books, then the fact shall be stated with reasons	Where there are proceedings against the company under this law as an abetter of the transaction or as the transferor then the details shall be provided,	Nature of proceedings, status of same and company's view on same

Disclosure of Ratios

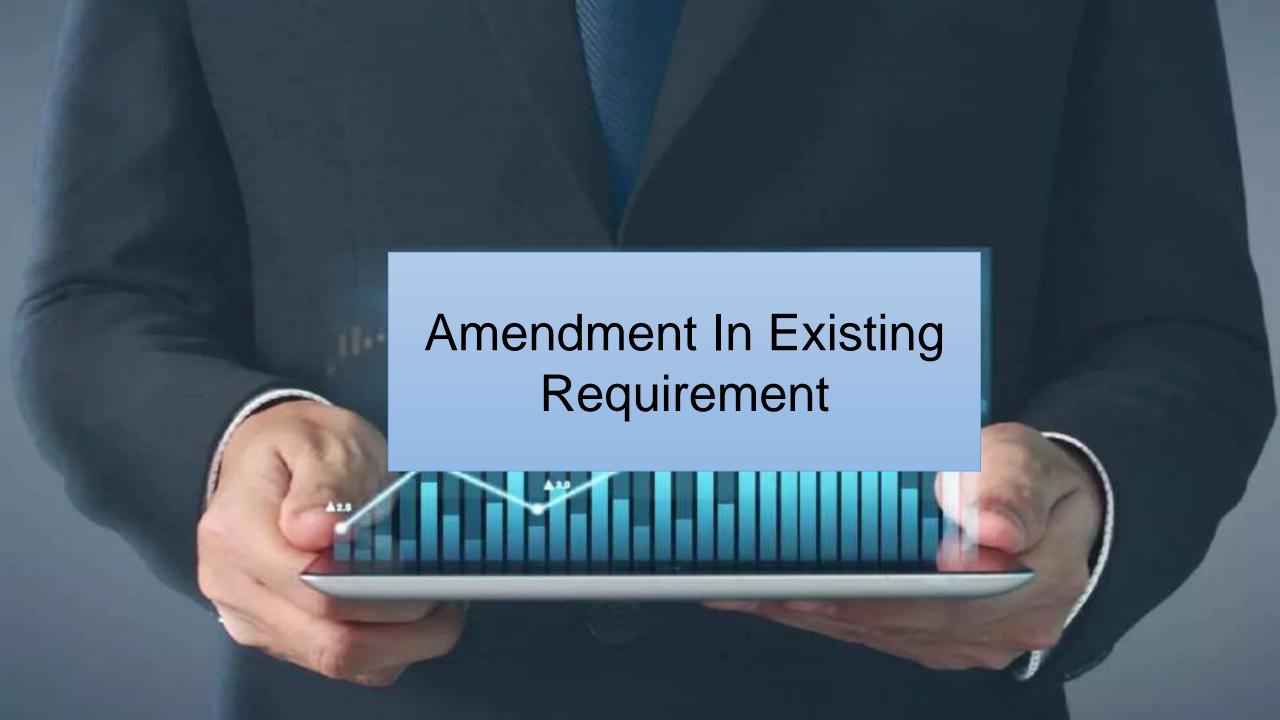
Old Schedule III- No such disclosure required

The amendment requires disclosure of following ratios.

- (a) Current Ratio,
- (b) Debt-Equity Ratio,
- (c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio,
- (d) Return on Equity Ratio,
- (e) Inventory turnover ratio,
- (f) Trade Receivables turnover ratio,
- (g) Trade payables turnover ratio,
- (h) Net capital turnover ratio,
- (i) Net profit ratio,
- (j) Return on Capital employed,
- (k) Return on investment.

The company shall explain the items included in numerator and denominator for computing the above ratios. Further explanation shall be provided for any change in the ratio by more than 25% as compared to the preceding year.





Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

	Existing Requirement	Additional Rec	Additional Requirement						
	Companies Act, 2013- Disclosure required for amount of expenditure incurred on corporate social responsibility activities as per section 135	Where the comactivities:	npany covered	d under section	135 of the comp	panies act, the	ollowing sha	ll be additional	with regard to CSR
	of Companies Act, 2013. Further, as per the Technical Guide on Accounting for Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility Activities some of the Additional disclosure are required as follows: (i) Relevant note disclosing the breakup of various heads of expenses included in the item 'CSR expenditure'. (ii) Gross amount required to be spent by the company during the year (iii) Amount approved by board to be spent during the year. (iv) Amount spent during the year on:	Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	Amount of expenditure incurred	Shortfall at the end of the year	Total of previous years shortfall	Reason for shortfall	Nature of CSR activities	Details of related party transactions	Where a provision is made with respect to a liability incurred by entering into a contractual obligation, the movements in the provision during the year should be shown separately
	 Construction acquisition of any asset On purposes other than (i) above 								
CONTRACTOR OF	Details of related party transaction								

As per Guidance Note on Schedule III: the Company should also disclose the following:

- a) the shortfall amount (i.e. unspent amount), in respect of other than ongoing projects, **transferred to a Fund** specified in Schedule VII to the Act, as per section 135(5) of the Act;
- b) the shortfall amount (i.e. unspent amount), pursuant to any ongoing project, transferred to special account as per section 135(6) of the Act.

CARO 2020- A reporting is required on unspent amount

Face of P&L / Notes forming part of P & L

Addition / Deletion in P&L is as mentioned herein:

- I. Revenue from Operations
- II. Other Income
- III. Total Revenue Income (I+II)

1. Revenue from Operations

Grants or donations received (relevant in case of section 8 companies only)



Undisclosed income

The Company shall give details of any transaction not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961), unless there is immunity for disclosure under any scheme and also shall state whether the previously unrecorded income and related assets have been properly recorded in the books of account during the year.

Reporting is required under CARO 2020

Details of crypto currency or virtual currency

Where the company has traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the financial year, the following shall be disclosed:

- a) Profit or loss on transactions involving crypto currency or virtual currency
- b) Amount of currency held as at the reporting date
- c) Deposits or advances from any person for the purpose of trading or investing in crypto currency/ virtual currency.



Wilful Defaulter

Where a **company is a declared wilful defaulter** by any bank or financial Institution or other lender, following details shall be given:

- a) Date of declaration as wilful defaulter
- b) Details of defaults (amount and nature of defaults)

"Wilful defaulter" here means a person or an issuer who or which is categorized as a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Act) or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.

Register of charge or satisfaction of charge with registrar of Companies

Where any charges or satisfaction yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period, details and reasons thereof shall be disclosed.

No Reporting Required under CARO 2020

Compliance with number of layers of companies

Where the company has **not complied with the number of layers** prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017, **the name and CIN of the companies** beyond the specified layers and the relationship/extent of holding of the company in **such downstream companies** shall be disclosed.

Rule 2 of the Layering Rules- It restricts the number of layers. It states that no company is permitted to have more than 2 (two) layers of subsidiaries.

Relationship with struck off Companies

Where the company has any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956, the company shall disclose the following details:

Name of Stuck off company	Nature of transaction with stuck off companies	Balance outstanding	Relationship with struck off company, if any, to be disclosed
	Investment in securities		
	Receivables		
	Payables		
	Shares held by struck off company		SHARE WEST SHARES
	Other outstanding balance (to be specified)		

The company shall disclose the name of the company which has been struck off by the respective Registrar of Companies and such information is available vide public notice (Form No. STK-7) u/s 248 of the Act, at any time during the reporting period or in an earlier reporting period if any balance in respect of the transactions with the struck off company is outstanding at the period end, on the website of Ministry of Corporate Affairs

Compliance with approved schemes of arrangement

Where the Scheme of Arrangements has been approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013, the company shall disclose that the effect of such Scheme of Arrangements have been accounted for in the books of account of the company 'in accordance with the Scheme' and 'in accordance with accounting standards' and deviation in this regard shall be explained.

As per Guidance note on Schedule III this should be further disclosed:

This requirement shall be applicable for schemes that have been approved earlier and have an ongoing accounting impact as on the date of current or comparative period financial statements where such requirements are applied.

Division II: Statement of changes in equity

A. Equity share capital

Revised disclosure requirement

		New Req	uirement		
the same and the second of the second of the second of the second of the second	Share Capital due to prior period	at the beginning	during the current	of the	current period/ period

Other Equity

Schedule III- Other equity shall be disclose in following format.

Share application money	Equity Comp	onent of	Reserves ar	Reserves and Surplus										
pending allotmen	financ	cial	Capital Reserve	Securities premium	Other reserve (specify nature)	Retained earnings	Debt Instrumen t through other comprehe nsive income	Equity Instrumen t through other comprehe nsive income	Effective Portion of Cash Flow hedge	Revaluati on on surplus	Exchange difference s on translating the financial statement of a foreign operations	Other items of Other Comprehe nsive Income (specify nature)	Money Received against share warrant	Total
Balance at th	e beginning of	the previous	reporting per	iod										
Changes in	accounting po	olicy / prior p	period errors	7 11 11 (63		# 11 M (S)		1 1 1 1 (8)		1		# 11 11 10		
Restated bal	ance at the b	eginning of	previous rep	orting period									THE PARTY	
Total Compre	hensive Incon	ne for the pre	vious year					1						
Dividends														
Transfer to re	tained earning													
Any other changes (to be specified)			A LONG		A LABOR DE		AL PENIE		A DESCRIPTION OF THE PERSON OF					
Balance at th	e end of the pr	revious report	ting period											

Fair value of Investment property

Existing Requirement	Additional Requirement
Currently, the Companies disclose the fair value of the investment property (as measured for only disclosure purpose).	The companies are now also required to disclose as to whether the fair value of investment property (as measured for disclosure purposes in the financial statements) is based on the valuation by a registered valuer as defined under rule 2 of Companies (Registered Valuers and Valuation) Rules, 2017

Face of Balance Sheet and in notes

- A. Additional disclosures in division II
- 1. Addition under head Equity and Liabilities
- II. Equity and Liabilities

Liabilities

- (1) Non Current Liabilities
- (a) Financial Liabilities
- (ia) Lease Liabilities

Current Liabilities

- (a) Financial Liabilities
- (ia) Lease Liabilities

Additional disclosure in notes to Balance Sheet:

Other Financial Assets

- i. Security Deposits
- ii. Bank deposits with more than 12 months maturity
- iii. Others (to be specified)

	Sr. No	Summary of reporting requirements under CARO 2020	Summary of disclosures requirements under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013	Remarks
一年 日本	1	than properties where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial	prescribed format.▶ Disclose company's share - if jointly	

S	Sr. No	Summary of reporting requirements under CARO 2020	Summary of disclosures requirements under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013	Remarks
	2	revalued its property, plant and equipment (PPE) (including right of use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year, ▶ If so, whether the revaluation is based on the valuation by a registered valuer; specify the amount of change, if change is 10% or more in the aggregate of	 ▶ Amount of change due to revaluation (if change is 10% or more in the aggregate of the net carrying value of each class of PPE/ intangible assets) ▶ Whether revaluation is based on valuation by a registered valuer defined under the Companies Act, 	

Sr. No	Summary of reporting requirements under CARO 2020	Summary of disclosures requirements under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013	Remarks
3	 ▶ Whether any proceedings have been initiated/ pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder, ▶ If so, whether the company has appropriately disclosed the details in its financial statements. [Clause 3(i)(e)] 	 initiated/ pending for holding any benami property e.g.: ▶ Details of such property and amount thereof ▶ Details of beneficiaries ▶ If property is in the books, then reference to item in balance sheet ▶ If property is not in the books, then 	

STATE OF THE PARTY	Sr. No	Summary of reporting requirements under CARO 2020	Summary of disclosures requirements under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013	Remarks
たというできないでしょう。 はずたというできましたしょう はずたというできましたし	4	of the year, the company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets; whether the quarterly returns or statements filed by the	•	reporting relating to sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees, in aggregate. However, disclosure requirements under Schedule

Sr. No	Summary of reporting requirements under CARO 2020	Summary of disclosures requirements under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013	Remarks
5		prescribed format where loans/ advances in the nature of loans are granted to promoters, directors, key managerial personnel and related parties, either severally or jointly with any other person, that are: ▶ Repayable on demand or ▶ Without specifying any terms or	requires percentage of loan granted. Further, in Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, loans and advances given to promoters, directors, KMP and other related parties are considered, whereas in CARO 2020, if loans and advances are

Sr. No	Summary of reporting requirements under CARO 2020	Summary of disclosures requirements under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013	Remarks
6	Whether term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained; if not, the amount of loan so diverted and the purpose for which it is used may be reported [Clause 3(ix)(c)]	used for the specific purpose for which it was taken at the balance sheet date – company	reporting on term loans from any party. However, disclosures under Schedule III to the Companies Act,

CHARLES CO. THE STATE OF	Sr. No	Summary of reporting requirements under CARO 2020	Summary of disclosures requirements under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013	Remarks
一年 一日本 川田 一日	7	On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, the auditor's knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans, whether the auditor is of the opinion that no material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that company is capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date [Clause 3(xix)]	certain ratios including current ratio, debt-equity ratio, debt service coverage ratio, 1capital to riskweighted assets	basis of the financial ratios and other prescribed matters. However, Schedule

Disclaimer:

- > The disclosures / presentation requirement discussed are by no means exhaustive and the views expressed herein are more directional and not necessarily conclusive. The views expressed herein are needed to be evaluated in light of the facts and circumstances of each Company.
- > The materials provided in this presentation and any comments or information provided by the presenter are for educational purposes only and do not replace independent professional judgement. Nothing conveyed or provided should be considered legal, accounting or tax advice.
- ➤ Please consult your own chartered accountant or other professional with any specific questions you have related to the information provided that are of legal or accounting nature.
- > The views expressed in the presentation are personal views of the speaker / presenter and not necessarily those of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

ThanQ

CA. Amit Hundia