DIRECT TAX

CA. Haresh Kenia, CA. Deepak Lala, CA. Gopal Bohra

Applicability of reporting under Clause 30C & 44 of Tax Audit report deferred

CIRCULAR NO. 5/2021 DATED 25TH MARCH, 2021

The Central Board of Direct Taxes, vide Circular dated 25th March, 2021, has deferred the applicability of reporting under clause 30C & 44 of Form 3CD till 31st March, 2022. The Board had initially deferred the applicability of this clause three times. Considering the prevailing situation due to Covid-19 pandemic across the country, the applicability has been further deferred.

- Clause 30C requires disclosures in respect of impermissible avoidance agreement
- Clause 44 requires break-up of total expenditure of entities registered or not registered under GST

Notification of rules for re-registration/ re-approval of charitable trust

NOTIFICATION G.S.R. 212(E) [NO. 19/2021/ F. No. 370142/4/2021-TPL] DATED 26TH MARCH, 2021

The Central Board of Direct Taxes, vide Notification G.S.R. 212(E) dated 26th March, 2021, has notified rules for re-registration/ reapproval of charitable trusts, setting forth the detailed procedures to be followed, forms to be filled, and documents to be attached. The rules inserted/modified are:

- Modified Rule 2C, for re-approval u/s 10(23C)
- Inserted Rule 5CA, for re-approval u/s 35(1)
- Modified Rule 11AA, for re-approval u/s 80G(5)(vi)
- Modified Rule 17A, for re-registration u/s 12A

DTAA between GOVERNMENT OF REPUBLIC OF INDIA and GOVERNMENT OF ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF IRAN- Section 90 of Income Tax Act.

The Central Government , in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) of section 90 of the Income-tax Act, vide NOTIFICATION S.O. NO. 1442(E) [NO.29/2021/F.NO.501/03/92-FTD-II], dated 1-4-2021 hereby notifies agreement between THE GOVERNMENT OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDIA AND THE GOVERNMENT OF THE ISLAMIC REPUBLIC OF IRAN for the avoidance of double Taxation and the prevention of fiscal evasion with respect to taxes on income.

• Relaxation of certain provisions of Specified Act – Extension of due date for Completion of action under Specified Acts - Read with sections 139AA, 144C, 148, 149 and 151 Income tax Act and Section 168 of the Finance Act, 2016

The Central Government vide NOTIFICATION S.O. 1432(E) [NO. 20/2021/F. NO. 370142/35/2020-TPL], DATED 31-3-2021 and in exercise of the powers conferred by section 3 (1) of the Taxation and Other Laws (Relaxation and Amendment of Certain Provisions) Act, 2020 and subsequent notifications issued under this Act, hereby extends the following due dates in view of the COVID-19 pandemic, certain time limits specified under the various tax and Benami laws

- The extended last date for intimating Aadhaar number for the purposes of linking Aadhaar with PAN is 31st March, 2021. Keeping in view the difficulties faced by the taxpayers, the Central Government has issued notification today extending the last date for the intimation of Aadhaar number and linking thereof with PAN to 30th June, 2021.
- The said notification also extended time-limits for issue of notice under section 148 of the Act, passing of consequential order under section 144C for direction issued by the Dispute Resolution Panel (DRP) and processing of equalisation levy statements to 30th April, 2021.
- Tax Audit Report in form 3CD amended

The Central Board of Direct Taxes exercise of the powers conferred by section 44AB read with section 295 of the Income-tax Act vide NOTIFICATION NO. G.S.R. 246(E) [NO. 28/2021/F. NO 370142/9/2018-TPL], DATED 1-4-2021 gives the Income-tax (eighth Amendment) Rules, 2021

It has amended the Tax Audit Report (TAR) in Form 3CD in order to incorporate the changes brought in the Income Tax Act by the Finance Act, 2021. These changes in Form 3CD shall be effective from the 1st day of April 2021 and shall apply for the assessment year 2021-22 are as under.

Revised Tax Audit Report in certain cases

Rule 6G prescribes rules related to reporting of the audit of accounts to be furnished under section 44AB. For allowing filing of revised Tax Audit Report, Rule 6G is amended to insert a sub-rule (3) as mentioned below-

"The report of audit furnished under this rule may be revised by the person by getting revised report of audit from an accountant, duly signed and verified by such accountant, and furnish it before the end of the relevant assessment year for which the report pertains, if there is payment by such person after furnishing of report under subrule (1) and (2) which necessitates recalculation of disallowance under section 40 or section 43B."

Changes in Clause 8A to report exercise of option under section 115BAC/115BAD

The Finance Act 2020 has introduced two new concessional tax rate regime under section 115BAC for Individuals and HUF and section 115BAD for cooperative societies. The two provisions are applicable from AY 2021-22. Ans in order to incorporate the same in the Tax Audit Report, Clause 8a of Form 3CD is changed to include these two sections - section 115BAC and section 115BAD also.

Adjustment in WDV of Assets For exercising option under sections 115BAC/115BAD

There was amendment in Form 3CD for the AY 2020-21 where in Clause 18(ca) was introduced to report the adjustment in WDV of the block of assets if lower tax regime under section 115BAA is exercised by the assessee. This clause was valid for AY 2021-22 only.

The finance Act 2020, introduced two new concessional tax rate regimes under section 115BAC for Individuals and HUF and section 115BAD for cooperative societies. The two provisions are applicable from AY 2021-22. In cases of section 115BAC and section 115BAD also, additional depreciation is not allowed and hence requires adjustment in WDV of the block of assets. Hence Clause 18(ca) is substituted with the new sub-clause (ca) which is applicable for AY 2021-22 only.

Higher safe harbour rule of 20% between actual sales consideration and stamp duty value under section 43CA and section 56(2)(x) - Amendment in Clause 17 of form 3CD

In order to boost demand in the real-estate sector and to enable the real-estate developers to liquidate their unsold inventory at a rate lower than the Stamp duty rate and giving benefit to the home buyers, the finance Act 2021, has amended the provision of section 43CA and Section 56(2)(x) of the Act and it provides for increase the safe harbour from 10% to 20% under section 43CA for the period from 12th November 2020 to 30th June 2021 in respect of the only primary sale of residential units of value up to Rs. 2 crore.

Consequential relief by increasing the safe harbour from 10% to 20% was also allowed to buyers of these residential units under section 56(2)(x) for the said period. Therefore, for these transactions, the Stamp duty rate shall be deemed as a sale/purchase consideration only if the variation between the agreement value and the stamp duty rate is more than 20%.

These changes are now incorporated in Form 3CD from AY 2021-22. For this purpose, existing clause 17 is substituted with the new Clause 17 incorporating the above amendment.

Depreciation of Goodwill - Changes in Clause 18 of Form 3CD

Finance Act, 2021 brought an amendment by which depreciation under section 32 on goodwill is denied. It is further provided that the block containing the goodwill as an asset shall be modified and depreciation on goodwill as appearing in that block at the WDV as of 1.4.2020 shall not be claimed from AY 2021-22 and such value of goodwill will be excluded from the block. The block needs to be modified to that extent. Accordingly, Form 3CD has made the necessary changes in clause 18. A new sub-clause (cb) is inserted in Clause 18 of Form 3CD for reporting the adjustment in WDV of the block of assets -

Adjustment in brought forward of losses if option u/s 115BAC/115BAD is exercised - Changes in Clause 32 of form 3CD

The new tax regime under section 115BAA, section 115BAC and section 115BAD do not allow certain deductions and if the option under these provisions is exercised then the brought forward losses need to be modified to the extent they are related to such restricted disallowed deductions. Similar to changes in clause 8a and clause 18, Clause 32 of the Form 3CD is also amended to include section 115BAC and section 115BAD in the reporting requirement

Clause 36 related to DDT Omitted

Finance Act 2020 has abolished the Dividend Distribution Tax (DDT) and reverted the classic system of taxation of dividend income in the hands of the shareholders/recipients. Hence companies are not required to pay any dividend distribution tax from FY 2020-21. Accordingly, Clause 36 of the existing Form 3CD is omitted from reporting requirement from AY 2021-22.

New Income Tax Return Forms for AY 2021-22

The Central Board of Direct Taxes In exercise of the powers conferred by section 139, read with section 295 of the Income-tax Act, vide NOTIFICATION G.S.R. 242(E) [NO. 21/2021/F.NO. 370142/5/2021-TPL], DATED 31-3-2021, gives the Income-tax (7th Amendment) Rules, 2021. It shall come into force from 01.04.2021. It notifies the Income Tax Return Forms (ITR Forms) ITR-1 to ITR-7 for the Assessment Year 2021-22.

The CBDT vide Press note dated 01.04.2021 indicated that , keeping in view the ongoing crisis due to COVID pandemic and to facilitate the taxpayers, no significant change have been made to the ITR Forms in comparison to the last year's ITR Forms. Only the bare minimum changes necessitated due to amendments in the Income-tax Act, 1961 have been made. Accordingly, the notified ITR forms do not contain any major amendments or changes compared to the preceding year except a few to incorporate the changes or amendments in the Finance Act of the relevant year.

CBDT has amended Rule 12 of the Income Tax Rules,1962 to incorporate the changes related to ITR forms for the AY 2021-22. There is no change in the manner of filing ITR Forms as compared to last year. The following changes are notified for the ITR forms ITR-1 to ITR-7 for the AY 2021-22

In Rule 12(1), the year '2021' is replaced for the figure '2020' to make the changes applicable for AY 2021-22.

ITR-1 cannot be used for return filing if the tax has been deducted under Section 194N. Thus, a person is ineligible to file his return of income in ITR-1 for AY 2021-22 if tax is deducted under section 194N.

ITR-1 cannot be used for return filing if the tax has been deferred in respect of ESOPs allotted by an eligible start-up under section 191 (2) or section 192 (1C) of the Act.

ITR-4 cannot be used for return filing if the tax has been deferred in respect of ESOPs allotted by an eligible start-up under section 191 (2) or section 192 (1C) of the Act

Deferment of reporting requirement under Clause 30C and Clause 44 of Tx Audit report in Form -3 CD – Section 119, read with section 44AB of Income tax Act.

CBDT vide CIRCULAR NO. 5/2020 [F. NO. 370142/9/2018-TPL], DATED 25-3-2021 issued following instruction to Subordinate authorities

Section 44AB of the Income-tax Act, 1961 read with rule 6G of the Income-tax Rules, 1962 requires specified persons to furnish the Tax Audit Report along with the prescribed particulars in Form No. 3CD. The existing Form No. 3CD was amended vide Notification No. GSR 666(E) dated 20th July, 2018 with effect from 20th August, 2018. However, the reporting under clause 30C and clause 44 of the Tax Audit Report was kept in abeyance till 31st March, 2019 vide Circular No. 6/2018 dated 17-8-2018, which was subsequently extended to 31st March, 2020 vide Circular No. 9/2019.Vide circular no. 10/2020, dated 24-4-2020, it was further extended to 31st March, 2021.

In view of the prevailing situation due to COVID-19 pandemic across the country, it has been decided by the Board that the reporting under clause 30C and clause 44 of the Tax Audit Report shall be kept in abeyance till 31st March, 2022

Clarification on provision of Direct Tax VIVAD SE VISHWAS Act, 2020 - Faq No. 70 of Circular No. 21/2020 modified relating to Search cases.

CIRCULAR NO. 4/2021 [F. NO. IT (A)/1/2020-TPL], DATED 23-3-2021

Sections 10 and 11 of Vivad se Vishwas empower the Central Government/Central Board of Direct Taxes to issue directions or orders in public interest or to remove difficulties. In order to facilitate the taxpayers, clarifications under the said sections in form of answers to frequently asked questions (FAQs) were issued vide Circular No. 9/2020 dated 22nd April, 2020 (covering FAQ 1-55) and Circular No. 21/2020 dated 4th December, 2020 (covering FAQ Nos. 56-89).

FAQ No. 70 of Circular No. 21/2020 clarified eligibility for search case under Vivad se Vishwas. It was clarified that if the assessment order has been framed in the case of a taxpayer under section 143(3)/144 of the Income-tax Act based on the search executed in some other taxpayer's case, it is to be considered as a 'search case' under Vivad se Vishwas

Several representations have been received seeking further clarity with regard to the classification of a case as a 'search case' for the purposes of Vivad se Vishwas. The matter has been examined. In order to remove any uncertainty in this regard, and in exercise of powers under sections 10 and 11 of Vivad se Vishwas, it is hereby clarified that a 'search case' means an assessment or reassessment made under sections 143(3)/144/147/153A/153C/158BC of the Income-tax Act in the case of a person referred to in section 153A or section 153C or section 158BC or section 158BD of the Income-tax Act on the basis of search initiated under section 132, or requisition made under section 132A of the Income-tax Act. The FAQ No. 70 of Circular No. 21/2020 stands modified to this extent.

Amendment of Rule 10DA, Rule 10DB and Form No. 3CEAB relating to maintenance and furnishing of information and documents by constituent entity and furnishing of Report in respect of an international group

The Central Board of Direct Taxes, in exercise of the powers conferred by sub-section (1) and sub-section (4) of section 92D and sub-section (8) of section 286, read with section 295 of the Income-tax Act, vide NOTIFICATION G.S.R 250(E) [NO. 31/2021/F.NO.370142/19/2019-TPL], DATED 5-4-2021, gives the Income-tax (9th Amendment) Rules, 2021. It shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 2021 relevant to the Assessment Year 2021-22. It amends rule 10 DA, 10 DB and form 3CEAB.

Rule 10 DA prescribes the maintenance and furnishing of information and documents by constituent entity of an international group under section 92D in respect of an international group.

Presently, rule 10DA(2) requires furnishing of the information in Form 3CEAA to the Joint Commissioner on or before the due date for furnishing the return of income as specified under sub-section (1) of section 139. The 9th Amendment Rules has substituted the word 'Commissioner' to 'Director'. Hence, now it requires furnishing of the information in Form 3CEAA to the Joint Director on or before the due date for furnishing the return of income as specified under sub-section (1) of section 139.

Presently, rule 10DA(4) provides that where there are more than one constituent entities resident in India of an international group required to file the information and document under Rule 10DA(2), the Form 3CEAA may be furnished by any one constituent entity under the following circumstances-

- (i) the international group has designated such entity for this purpose; and
- (ii) the information has been conveyed in Form No. 3CEAB to the Joint Commissioner on this behalf thirty days before the due date of furnishing Form No. 3CEAA

The 9th Amendment Rules, 2021 substituted the 'constituent entities resident in India of an international group' with 'constituent entities'. Hence, now it henceforth covers all the constituent entities whether are resident in India or not of the international group. Now, Form 3CEAA is required to be filed by any one of the entities designated in Form 3CEAB for both resident and non-resident entities. The Corresponding amendment is notified in Form 3CEAB to modify the heading of the form to omit the words 'resident in India'. Further, similar to sub-rule(1), the amendment in sub-rule (4) provides for the furnishing of information to the Joint Director in place of the Joint Commissioner

It also amends rule 10DB which deals with the furnishing of Report in respect of an International Group under section 286 of the Act and it presently prescribes that the income-tax authority for the purposes of section 286 shall be the Joint Commissioner as may be designated by the Director-General of Income-tax (Risk Assessment). This is now substituted with a new sub-rule from 1-4-2021. The 9th Amendment Rules now substitutes the Joint Commissioner with the Joint Director and Director General of Income-tax (Risk Assessment) with Principal Director General of Income-tax (Systems) or the Director-General of Income-tax (Systems).

Presently rule 10DB (6) provides that for the purpose of Section 286(7) an international group shall furnish the report if the total consolidated group revenue, as reflected in the consolidated financial statement for the accounting year preceding such accounting year does not exceed Rs 5500 crore. The 9th Amendment Rules now increased the limit to Rs. 6400 crore. Thus, for CbCR (Country-by-Country Reporting) related compliances to be applicable, the International group's consolidated group revenue shall have to exceed Rs. 6400 crore applicable from 1-4-2021.

Determination of Income for TDS on Payment to Non-residents u/s 195 - Insertion of Rule 29BA and Form 15E

The Central Board of Direct Taxes, in exercise of the powers conferred by section 195, read with section 295 of the Income-tax Act, vide NOTIFICATION NO. G.S.R. 194(E) [NO. 18/2021 F. NO. 370142/24/2019-TPL], DATED 16-3-2021, gives the Income-tax (5th Amendment) Rules, 2021. It shall come into force with effect from the 1st day of April, 2021.

It inserts new Rule 29BA and Form 15E in the Income Tax Rules, 1962 for determining the sum chargeable to tax for the purpose of TDS on payments to non-residents as per section 195(2) of the Income Tax Act. This is the facility provided by the Income Tax department for online filing of applications seeking a determination of tax to be deducted at source on payment to non-residents.

Presently before this amendment ,under section 195(2) of the Act, if a person who is responsible for paying any sum to a non-resident which is chargeable to tax under the Act considers that the whole of such sum would not be income chargeable to tax in the case of the recipient, he can make an application to the Assessing Officer to determine the appropriate proportion of such sum chargeable. This provision is used by a person making payment to a non-resident to obtain a certificate/order from the Assessing Officer for lower or nil withholding tax. This process is manual. In order to use technology to streamline the process, which will not only reduce the time for processing of such applications but shall also help tax administration in monitoring such payments, Finance (No. 2) Act, 2019 has amended the provisions of section 195(2) to provide for filing of online applications for a lower or nil TDS certificate under section 195. After the amendment, a non-resident can apply online in electronic form for a lower or nil TDS certificate under section 195 from the sum payable to a non-resident. This was subject to the rules to be prescribed by the CBDT in this regard. It amended the provisions of section 195 (2) to allow for prescribing the form and manner of application to the Assessing Officer and also for the manner of determination of the appropriate portion of sum chargeable to tax by the Assessing Officer. Once such sum or income is determined after the application is filed online in the prescribed form, tax shall be deducted under section 195(1) only on that proportion of the sum which is chargeable to tax. A similar amendment was also made in section 195(7) which is applicable to a specified class of persons or cases.

- The application is required to be made in Form 15E electronically.
- Form 15E shall be verified by digital signature or through electronic verification code (EVC).
- The Assessing Officer after examining the application so made in Form 15E, shall determine the sum that is chargeable to tax in India.
- The Assessing Officer shall be required to issue a certificate mentioning the appropriate proportion of such sum chargeable to tax.
- The Assessing Officer shall take into consideration the followings while examining the application-
- (i) tax payable on estimated income for the previous year in which application is filed
- (ii) tax payable on preceding four previous year's income
- (iii) outstanding demand under the Income Tax Act/Wealth Tax Act
- (iv) advance tax, TDS/TCS for the previous year in which application is filed
- The certificate shall be valid only for the payment to non-resident named therein and for such period of the previous year as may be specified in the certificate, unless it is cancelled by the Assessing Officer at any time before the expiry of the specified period.
- The Principal Director General of Income-tax (Systems) or the Director General of Income-tax (Systems) shall prescribe the procedures, formats and standards for online filing of the application in Form 15E.
- Registration Procedure u/s 12AB for Trust and Others- Jurisdiction for Online Registration and Cancellation

The Central Board of Direct Taxes vide NOTIFICATION NO. G.S.R. 212 (E) [NO. 19/2021/F. NO. 370142/4/2021-TPL], DATED 26-3-2021, gives the Income-tax (6th Amendment) Rules, 2021. It shall come into force on the 1st day of April, 2021. It notifies the new registration procedure for Charitable Trusts and other institutions under section 12AB and section 10(23C) through Income-tax (6th Amendment) Rules, 2021. It further notifies the procedure for furnishing the statement of donation received by NGOs/Trusts under section 80G(5).

The new registration scheme for Charitable Trusts and others was first introduced in the statute by the Finance Act, 2020 and was made effective from 1st June 2020. However, due to the COVID-19 pandemic outbreak and consequent nation-wide lockdown, the registration procedure under new section 12AB was postponed and deferred to 1st October 2020. This was further deferred to 1st April 2021. Both the renewal of registration u/s 12A or section 12AA, as well as renewal of approval under section 80G, was deferred. Taxation and Other Laws (Relaxation and Amendment of Certain Provisions) Act, 2020 rationalized the procedure relating to approval/registration/notification of certain entities referred to in sections 10(23C), 12AA, 35 and 80G of the Act effective from 1st April 2021.

Under the new registration regime under section 12AB, it is provided that the registration will remain valid for a period of 5 years and shall be required to be renewed after every 5 years, unlike the present system of perpetual registration once granted.

It amends Rule 5C and 5F

It Substitutes Rule 2C, 11AA, 17A and Form no. 10A;

Related Rules

It Substitutes Form No. 3CF for Form Nos 3CF-I, 3CF-II AND 3CF-III;

It Inserts Rules 5CA & 18AB and Form Nos. 10AB, 10AC, 10AD, 10BD, and 10BE;

Purpose

It Omits Form no. 56

Form Name

The notification no 19 / 2021 has also introduced various forms for approval and registration as detailed below. These forms for application for registration or approval are required to be furnished to the Principal Commissioner or Commissioner authorised by the Board in this behalf.

Form 10A provisional appro	Rules 2C or 5CA o	or 11AA d	or 17A Application for registration or provisional registration or intimation or approval or
Form 3CF	Rules 5C, 5D, 5E a	and 5F	Application for registration or approval
Form 10AB	Rules 2C or 11AA	or 17A	Application for registration or approval
Form 10AC	Rules 2C or 11AA	or 17A	Order for registration or provisional registration or approval or provisional approval
Form 10AD	Rules 2C or 11AA	or 17A	Order for registration or approval or rejection or cancellation
Form 10BD 35(1A)(i)	Rule 18AB	Stateme	ent of particulars to be filed by reporting person under section 80G(5)(viii) and section
Form 10BE	Rule 18AB	Certifica	te of donation under section 80G(5)(ix) and under section 35(1A)(ii)

Amendment in Rule 5C

Rule 5C is amended which deals with filing of an application for the purpose of grant of approval for the exemption u/s 35(1)(ii)/(iii) for scientific research association or university etc. The amended Rule 5C has substituted Form No. 3CF-I and Form No. 3CF-II with a new Form 3CF for application for approval u/s 35(1)(ii)/(iii). Now Form No 3CF is required to be furnished online electronically and shall be verified by the person who is authorised to verify the return of income under section 140 of the Act with digital signature (DSC) or EVC. If the return of income of the applicant is required to be furnished under digital signature, then furnishing Form 3CF with DSC is compulsory else the forms can be furnished with EVC.

New Rule 5CA inserted

It inserts new rule 5CA for filing of application for intimation under 5th proviso to section 35(1). The application for intimation under the 5th proviso shall be made in Form 10A. The Certain documents are required to be submitted along with Form No. 10A. Readers are requested to refer to detailed notification for specified documents to be submitted. Form Nos. 10A is required to be furnished online electronically and shall be verified in the similar manner as provided under Rule 5C above. On receipt of an application in Form No. 10A, the Principal Commissioner or Commissioner shall issue a sixteen-digit alphanumeric Unique Registration Number (URN) to the applicants. If, at any point of time, it is noticed that Form No. 10A has not been duly filled in by not providing, fully or partly, or by providing false or incorrect information or documents or by not complying with the requirements of Rule 5CA(3) or (4), then the Principal Commissioner or Commissioner after giving an opportunity of being heard, may cancel the Unique Registration Number (URN) so issued and such Unique Registration Number (URN) shall be deemed to have never been issued.

Amendment in Rule 5F

Rule 5C is amended which deals with filing of an application for the purpose of grant of approval for the exemption u/s 35(1)(iia) for a scientific research company. The amended Rule 5C has substituted Form No. 3CF-III with a new Form 3CF for application for approval u/s 35(1)(iia). Form No 3CF is required to be furnished online electronically. Form 3CF shall be verified by the person who is authorised to verify the return of income under section 140 of the Act with digital signature (DSC) or EVC. If the return of income of the applicant is

required to be furnished under digital signature, then furnishing Form 3CF with DSC is compulsory else the forms can be furnished with EVC.

Substitution of Rule 11AA

Rule 11AA is substituted with new rule. Rule 11AA deals with requirements for approval of an institution or fund under section 80G (5)(vi).An application under clause (i) or clause (iv) of the first proviso to section 80G(5) for the grant of approval of a fund or institution shall be made in Form 10A. Where application is made under clause (i) or clause (iv) of the first proviso to section 80G(5), the application shall be made in Form 10AB. The Certain documents are required to be submitted along with Form Nos. 10A or 10AB. Readers are requested to refer to detailed notification for specified documents to be submitted. Form Nos. 10A/10AB is required to be furnished online electronically and shall be verified in the same manner as rule 5C above. The procedure as regard issue and cancellation of Unique Registration Number (URN) are also similar to as provided under rule 5CA above.

Where an application for approval is made by a new institution or fund under clause (iv) of first proviso to section 80G(5), the provisional approval shall be effective from the date of order in Form 10AC. Where an application is made in Form 10AB, the order of approval or rejection or cancellation shall be in Form 10AD and in case approval is granted, sixteen digit alphanumeric number Unique Registration Number (URN) shall be issued, by the Principal Commissioner or Commissioner.

Substitution of Rule 17A

Rule 17A is substituted with new rules. Rule 17A deals with application for registration of charitable or religious trusts, NGOs, etc. under sub- clause (i) or sub-clause(ii) or sub-clause(iii) or sub-clause(iv) or sub-clause(v) or sub-clause(vi) of clause (ac)of sub-section (1) of section 12A. An application under clause (i) or clause (vi) of section 12A(1)(ac) for the grant of approval of a fund or institution shall be made in Form 10A. Where application is made under clause (ii)/(iii)(iv) or clause (v) of section 12A(1)(ac), the application shall be made in Form 10AB. The certain documents are required to be submitted along with Form Nos. 10A or 10AB. Readers are requested to refer to detailed notification for specified documents to be submitted. electronically and shall be verified in the same manner as rule 5C above. The procedure as regard issue and cancellation of Unique Registration Number (URN) are also similar to as provided under rule 5CA above.

Where an application for approval is made by a new Trust under section 12A(1)(ac)(vi) during previous year beginning on 1st day of April, 2021, the provisional registration shall be effective from the assessment year beginning on 1st day of April, 2022. Where an application is made in Form 10AB, the order of registration or rejection or cancellation shall be in Form 10AD and in case registration is granted, sixteen digit alphanumeric number Unique Registration Number (URN) shall be issued, by the Principal Commissioner or Commissioner.

Insertion of New Rule 18AB

Rule 18AB is inserted in relation to Furnishing of Statement of particulars and certificate under section 80G(5)(viii)/(ix) or under section35(1A). it requires furnishing of statement of donation received and issue of donation certificates to the donors for claiming deduction from the gross total income. This notification has framed the rules for furnishing such statements and certificates of donation to donors. Such statements are required to be filed electronically from the financial year 2021-22. Statement of particulars required to be furnished by any research association, university, college or other institution or company or fund ("reporting person") under clause (viii) of sub-section (5) of section 80G or under clause (i) to sub-section (1A) of section 35 shall be furnished in respect of each financial year, beginning with the financial year 2021-2022, in Form No. 10BD and shall be verified in the manner indicated therein. The reporting person shall report the aggregate amount of donation received from each person in the financial year for which the statement is furnished. Where donation is received from more than one person, the proportionate amount of each person shall be reported. Where no proportion is specified by the donors, the same shall be proportioned equally. The statement of donation in Form 10BD is required to be furnished online electronically. Form No. 10BD shall be verified by the person who is authorised to verify the return of income under section 140 of the Act with digital signature (DSC) or EVC.

If the return of income of the applicant is required to be furnished under digital signature, then furnishing Form 10BD with DSC is compulsory else the forms can be furnished with EVC. The reporting person is required to furnish a certificate of donation (as referred to in clause (ix) of sub-section (5) of section 80G or in clause (ii) to sub-section (1A) to section 35), to the donor in Form No. 10 BE specifying the amount of donation received during financial year from such donor, beginning with the financial year 2021-2022. The certificate of donation in Form 10BE is required to be generated and downloaded from the income tax portal to be implemented by the Pr. DGIT/DGIT (Systems). The certificate of donation is required to be furnished to the donor on or before the 31st May, immediately

following the financial year in which the donation is received. The statement of donations received in a financial year shall be required to be furnished by 31st May, immediately following the financial year in which the donation is received.

Readers are requested to read the detailed notification referred here in above.